UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 28, 2013

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 0-22684

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

<u>Michigan</u> (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 38-1465835 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

2801 East Beltline NE, Grand Rapids, Michigan (Address of principal executive offices)

49525 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (616) 364-6161

NON

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report.)

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer \boldsymbol{x}

Accelerated Filer o

Non-Accelerated Filer o

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

<u>Class</u> Common stock, no par value Outstanding as of September 28, 2013 19,900,066

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page No.

PART I.	FINANCIAL INFORMATION.	
Item 1.	Financial Statements.	
	Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets at September 28, 2013, December 29, 2012 and September 29, 2012.	3
	Consolidated Condensed Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Income for the Three Months Ended and Nine Months Ended September 28, 2013 and September 29, 2012.	4
	Consolidated Condensed Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the Nine Months Ended September 28, 2013 and September 29, 2012.	5
	Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 28, 2013 and September 29, 2012.	C
	Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the Mille Months Ended September 26, 2013 and September 29, 2012.	6
	Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.	7
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.	16
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.	30
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures.	31
PART II.	OTHER INFORMATION.	
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings – NONE.	
Item 1A.	Risk Factors.	32
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.	32
Item 3.	Defaults upon Senior Securities – NONE.	
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures – NONE.	
Item 5.	Other Information – NONE.	32
T. C	n 195	20
Item 6	Fyhibits	33

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except share data)

	September 28, December 29, 2013 2012			Sep	tember 29, 2012	
ASSETS						.
CURRENT ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,151	\$	7,647	\$	4,355
Restricted cash		720		6,831		553
Accounts receivable, net		241,990		163,225		191,178
Inventories:		105.05.4		126 201		110.746
Raw materials		127,854		136,201		119,346
Finished goods		104,356		106,979	_	89,792
Total inventories		232,210		243,180		209,138
Refundable income taxes		-		7,521		1,266
Deferred income taxes		9,203		9,212		9,694
Other current assets		20,280		15,557		16,204
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		509,554		453,173		432,388
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES		1,696		1,759		-
OTHER ASSETS		12,615		14,583		14,918
GOODWILL		160,146		159,316		157,966
INDEFINITE-LIVED INTANGIBLE ASSETS		2,340		2,340		2,340
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET		7,815		8,101		8,802
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:						
Property, plant and equipment		578,429		543,595		541,473
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(339,082)		(322,327)		(324,542)
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET		239,347		221,268		216,931
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	933,513	\$	860,540	\$	833,345
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
CURRENT LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$	85,520	\$	66,054	\$	72,080
Accrued liabilities:	Ψ	00,020	Ψ	00,051	Ψ	72,000
Compensation and benefits		45,651		34,728		39,743
Income taxes		6,269		-		-
Other		26,900		14,002		17,656
Current portion of long-term debt				-		40,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		164,340	_	114,784	_	169,479
LONG-TERM DEBT, less current portion		84,700		95,790		15,918
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES		24,861		24,930		19,889
OTHER LIABILITIES		16,211		17,511		16,342
TOTAL LIABILITIES		290,112		253,015		221,628
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:						
Controlling interest shareholders' equity:						
Preferred stock, no par value; shares authorized 1,000,000; issued and outstanding, none						
Common stock, no par value; shares authorized 40,000,000; issued and outstanding, 19,900,066,						
19,799,606, and 19,790,414	\$	19,900	\$	19,800	\$	19,790
Additional paid-in capital		153,932		149,805		148,581
Retained earnings		458,005		426,887		432,772
Accumulated other comprehensive income		3,901		4,258		4,554
Employee stock notes receivable		(732)		(982)		(1,013)
Total controlling interest shareholders' equity		635,006		599,768		604,684
Noncontrolling interest		8,395		7,757		7,033
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		643,401		607,525		611,717
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	933,513	\$	860,540	\$	833,345
·			_			

See notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share data)

		Three Mon	ths E	nded		Nine Mon	ths E	ıs Ended		
	Sep	tember 28, 2013	Sep	otember 29, 2012	Se	ptember 28, 2013	Se	ptember 29, 2012		
NET SALES	\$	651,780	\$	533,366	\$	1,944,711	\$	1,584,170		
COST OF GOODS SOLD		573,491		478,139		1,729,027		1,403,202		
GROSS PROFIT		78,289		55,227		215,684		180,968		
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES ANTI-DUMPING DUTY ASSESSMENT		53,020 887		45,186 2,000		154,348 887		140,070 2,328		
NET GAIN ON DISPOSITION OF ASSETS, EARLY RETIREMENT AND OTHER IMPAIRMENT AND EXIT CHARGES		(145)	_	(269)		(253)		(7,052)		
EARNINGS FROM OPERATIONS		24,527		8,310		60,702		45,622		
INTEREST EXPENSE INTEREST INCOME EQUITY IN EARNINGS OF INVESTEE		1,159 (159) (18) 982	_	968 (302) (15) 651	_	3,584 (463) (152) 2,969	_	3,219 (864) (25) 2,330		
EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		23,545		7,659		57,733		43,292		
INCOME TAXES		8,530	_	2,903		20,589	_	16,140		
NET EARNINGS		15,015		4,756		37,144		27,152		
LESS NET EARNINGS ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST		(924)	_	(558)		(2,057)		(1,290)		
NET EARNINGS ATTRIBUTABLE TO CONTROLLING INTEREST	\$	14,091	\$	4,198	\$	35,087	\$	25,862		
EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC	\$	0.71	\$	0.21	\$	1.76	\$	1.31		
EARNINGS PER SHARE - DILUTED	\$	0.71	\$	0.21	\$	1.76	\$	1.31		
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		15,767		6,269		36,828		28,490		
LESS COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST	_	(1,106)		(956)		(2,098)		(1,674)		
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO CONTROLLING INTERST	\$	14,661	\$	5,313	\$	34,730	\$	26,816		

See notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Controlling Interest Shareholders' Equity													
		Accum Additional Oth								nployees Stock				
	C	ommon		Paid-In	I	Retained	Co	mprehensive		Notes	No	ncontrolling		
		Stock		Capital	I	Earnings		Income	Re	ceivable		Interest		Total
Balance at December 31, 2011	\$	19,624	\$	143,988	\$	410,848	\$	3,600	\$	(1,255)	\$	5,794	\$	582,599
Net earnings						25,862						1,290		27,152
Foreign currency translation adjustment								954				384		1,338
Capital contribution from noncontrolling interest												436		436
Distributions to noncontrolling interest												(871)		(871)
Cash dividends - \$0.200 per share						(3,946)								(3,946)
Issuance of 82,059 shares under employee stock plans		82		1,744										1,826
Issuance of 51,771 shares under stock grant														
programs		52		24		8								84
Issuance of 33,525 shares under deferred														
compensation plans		33		(33)										-
Tax benefits from non-qualified stock														
options exercised				307										307
Expense associated with share-based														
compensation arrangements				993										993
Accrued expense under deferred														
compensation plans				1,582										1,582
Notes receivable written-off		(1)		(24)						25				-
Payments received on employee stock notes														
receivable										217				217
Balance at September 29, 2012	\$	19,790	\$	148,581	\$	432,772	\$	4,554	\$	(1,013)	\$	7,033	\$	611,717
Balance at December 29, 2012	\$	19,800	\$	149,805	\$	426,887	\$	4,258	\$	(982)	\$	7,757	\$	607,525
Net earnings						35,087						2,057		37,144
Foreign currency translation adjustment								(357)				41		(316)
Distributions to noncontrolling interest												(1,460)		(1,460)
Cash dividends - \$0.200 per share						(3,977)								(3,977)
Issuance of 31,341 shares under employee														
stock plans		31		808										839
Issuance of 30,650 shares under stock grant														
programs		31		10		8								49
Issuance of 41,019 shares under deferred														
compensation plans		41		(41)										-
Tax benefits from non-qualified stock														
options exercised				109										109
Expense associated with share-based														
compensation arrangements				1,442										1,442
Accrued expense under deferred														
compensation plans				1,897										1,897
Notes receivable written off		(3)		(98)						105				4
Payments received on employee stock notes										1.45				1.45
receivable	<u></u>	40.000	¢.	450.000	¢	450.005	<u></u>	2.001	<u></u>	145	œ.	0.205	<u></u>	145
Balance at September 28, 2013	\$	19,900	\$	153,932	\$	458,005	\$	3,901	\$	(732)	\$_	8,395	\$	643,401

See notes to consolidated condensed financial statements

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(in thousands)

	Nine Mon	nths Ended		
	September 28, 2013	September 29, 2012		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net earnings	\$ 37,144	\$ 27,152		
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash from operating activities:	າາ າາາ	22.15		
Depreciation Amortization of intangibles	22,333 1,880	22,15		
Expense associated with share-based compensation arrangements	1,000	2,218 1,078		
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation arrangements	(8)	(73		
Loss reserve for notes receivable	(6)	76		
Deferred income taxes	(83)	(1,22)		
Equity in earnings of investee	(152)	(2)		
Net gain on sale or impairment of property, plant and equipment	(195)	(7,228		
Changes in:	(193)	(7,22		
Accounts receivable	(79,849)	(63,460		
Inventories	11,261	(13,48)		
Accounts payable	19,336	22,28		
Accrued liabilities and other	34,580	12,343		
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	47,738	2,499		
NET CASH FROM OF ENATING ACTIVITIES	47,730	2,40.		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(32,108)	(22,18)		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	1,261	15,092		
Acquisitions, net of cash received	(9,296)	(2,149		
Purchase of patents		(9		
Advances on notes receivable	(1,990)	(1,15		
Collections on notes receivable	1,441	91		
Cash restricted as to use	6,111	(55)		
Other, net	28	(38)		
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(34,553)	(10,52)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
	(11,000)	6,21		
Net borrowings (repayments) under revolving credit facilities Repayment of long-term debt	(11,090)	(2,77)		
Debt issuance costs	(15)	(8)		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	839	1,820		
Distributions to noncontrolling interest	(1,460)	(87)		
Capital contribution from noncontrolling interest	(1,400)	28:		
Dividends paid to sharesholders	(3,977)	(3,940		
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation arrangements	(3,977)	7.		
Other, net		7.		
NET CASH FROM (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(15,695)	72:		
NET CASH FROM (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(13,093)	12.		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	14	34		
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(2,496)	(6,950		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,647	11,30		
CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$ 5,151	\$ 4,35		
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:				
Interest paid	\$ 2,850	\$ 2,498		
Income taxes paid	6,780	15,79		
NON-CASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Accounts receivable exchanged for notes receivable	1,635			
Notes receivable exchanged for property	3,900			
NON-CASH FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Common stock issued under deferred compensation plans	1,647	1,16		
See notes to consolidated condensed financial statements				

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated condensed financial statements (the "Financial Statements") include our accounts and those of our wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries and partnerships, and have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, the Financial Statements do not include all of the information and footnotes normally included in the annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements contain all material adjustments necessary to present fairly our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. These Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements, and footnotes thereto, included in our Annual Report to Shareholders on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2012.

Certain prior year information has been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

In the second quarter of fiscal 2013, we changed our annual testing date for evaluating goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment from the last day of the fiscal year to the first day of the Company's fourth fiscal quarter for all reporting units and indefinite-lived intangible assets. This voluntary change in accounting method is preferable under the circumstances because it will allow us more time to complete the annual goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment testing in advance of our year-end reporting. This change does not delay, accelerate or avoid an impairment charge. The change is not applied retrospectively as it is impracticable to do so because retrospective application would require application of significant estimates and assumptions with the use of hindsight. Accordingly, the change will be applied prospectively. There have been no other material changes in our policies or estimates since December 29, 2012.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-02, *Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (ASC Topic 220)* ("ASU 2013-02"). ASU 2013-02 amends prior presentation of comprehensive income guidance. ASU 2013-02 requires that we report, in one place, the effect of significant reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income on the respective line items in net income if the amount being reclassified is required to be reclassified in its entirety to net income. Our adoption of the provisions of ASU 2013-02 in the first quarter of 2013 did not affect our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

B. FAIR VALUE

We apply the provisions of ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, to assets and liabilities measured at fair value. Assets measured at fair value are as follows:

	-	ember 28, 2013	Sep	tember 29, 2012
(in the control of	in M	ed Prices Active arkets	i	oted Prices n Active Markets
(in thousands)	(L	evel 1)		Level 1)
Recurring:				
Money market funds	\$	62	\$	84
Mutual funds:				
Domestic stock funds		725		597
International stock funds		535		473
Target funds		159		141
Bond funds	<u> </u>	135		116
Total mutual funds		1,554		1,327
	\$	1,616	\$	1,411

We maintain money market and mutual funds in our non-qualified deferred compensation plan. These funds are valued at prices quoted in an active exchange market and are included in "Other Assets". We have elected not to apply the fair value option under ASC 825, *Financial Instruments*, to any of our financial instruments except for those expressly required by U.S. GAAP.

We did not maintain any Level 2 or 3 assets or liabilities at September 28, 2013 or September 29, 2012.

C. REVENUE RECOGNITION

Earnings on construction contracts are reflected in operations using percentage-of-completion accounting, under either cost to cost or units of delivery methods, depending on the nature of the business at individual operations. Under percentage-of-completion using the cost to cost method, revenues and related earnings on construction contracts are measured by the relationships of actual costs incurred related to the total estimated costs. Under percentage-of-completion using the units of delivery method, revenues and related earnings on construction contracts are measured by the relationships of actual units produced related to the total number of units. Revisions in earnings estimates on the construction contracts are recorded in the accounting period in which the basis for such revisions becomes known. Projected losses on individual contracts are charged to operations in their entirety when such losses become apparent.

Our construction contracts are generally entered into with a fixed price and completion of the projects can range from 6 to 18 months in duration. Therefore, our operating results are impacted by, among many other things, labor rates and commodity costs. During the quarter, we updated our estimated costs to complete our projects using current labor and commodity costs and recognized losses to the extent that they exist.

The following table presents the balances of percentage-of-completion accounts which are included in "Other current assets" and "Accrued liabilities: Other", respectively (in thousands):

	nber 28,)13	De	ecember 29, 2012	September 29, 2012		
Cost and Earnings in Excess of Billings	\$ 9,640	\$	4,981	\$	5,971	
Billings in Excess of Cost and Earnings	2,655		2,020		3,232	

D. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The computation of earnings per share ("EPS") is as follows (in thousands):

		Three Mor	iths l	Ended		Nine Mor	iths l	Ended
	-	ember 28, 2013	Se	ptember 29, 2012	Se	September 28, 2013		eptember 29, 2012
Numerator:	' <u>-</u>							
Net earnings attributable to controlling interest	\$	14,091	\$	4,198	\$	35,087	\$	25,862
Adjustment for earnings allocated to non-vested restricted common								
stock		(134)		(38)		(338)		(225)
Net earnings for calculating EPS	\$	13,957	\$	4,160	\$	34,749	\$	25,637
Denominator:								
Weighted average shares outstanding		19,965		19,827		19,916		19,783
Adjustment for non-vested restricted common stock		(190)		(178)		(192)		(172)
Shares for calculating basic EPS		19,775		19,649		19,724		19,611
Effect of dilutive stock options		25		25		39		19
Shares for calculating diluted EPS		19,800		19,674		19,763		19,630
Net earnings per share:								
Basic	\$	0.71	\$	0.21	\$	1.76	\$	1.31
Diluted	\$	0.71	\$	0.21	\$	1.76	\$	1.31

No options were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS for the quarter ended September 28, 2013 or September 29, 2012.

No options were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS for the nine months ended September 28, 2013. Options to purchase 10,000 shares were not included in the computation of diluted EPS for the nine months ended September 29, 2012 because the options' exercise price was greater than the average market price of the common stock during the period and, therefore would be antidilutive.

E. NET (GAIN) LOSS ON DISPOSITION OF ASSETS, EARLY RETIREMENT AND OTHER IMPAIRMENT AND EXIT CHARGES

We have long-lived assets that consist of certain vacant land and facilities we closed to better align manufacturing capacity with the current business environment. The fair values were determined based on broker assessments of value, appraisals or recent offers to acquire assets. These and other idle assets were evaluated based on the requirements of ASC 360, which resulted in impairment and other exit charges included in "Net loss (gain) on disposition of assets, early retirement and other impairment and exit charges" for the periods presented below. These amounts include the following, separated by reporting segment (in thousands):

		Three	Mo	nths Ended	Sep	otember 28,	201	13	Three Months Ended September 29, 2012							
	Eastern and Western			All Site-Built Other			Total		Eastern and Western		Site-Built			All Other		Total
Severances and early																
retirement	\$	22	\$	-	\$	18	\$	40	\$	24	\$	-	\$	4	\$	28
Plant and equipment		(43)		-		(12)		(55)		(133)		(53)		(111)		(297)
Net gain on sale of real																
estate		-		(130)		-		(130)		-		-		-		
Total	\$	(21)	\$	(130)	\$	6	\$	(145)	\$	(109)	\$	(53)	\$	(107)	\$	(269)

		Nine	Mo	nths Ended	Sep	tember 28,	201	3	Nine Months Ended September 29, 2012							
	Eastern and			All						astern and			All			
		Western Site-Bui		ite-Built	Other			Total		Western		Site-Built	Other			Total
Severances and early																
retirement	\$	35	\$	1	\$	36	\$	72	\$	134	\$	2	\$	40	\$	176
Plant and equipment		(199)		29		(25)		(195)		(228)		(150)		60		(318)
Net gain on sale of real																
estate		-		(130)		-		(130)		(6,910)		-		-		(6,910)
Total	\$	(164)	\$	(100)	\$	11	\$	(253)	\$	(7,004)	\$	(148)	\$	100	\$	(7,052)

In the second quarter of 2012, we sold certain real estate in Fontana, CA for approximately \$12.5 million and recognized a pre-tax gain of a \$7.2 million.

F. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND GUARANTEES

We are self-insured for environmental impairment liability, including certain liabilities which are insured through a wholly owned subsidiary, Ardellis Insurance Ltd., a licensed captive insurance company.

We own and operate a number of facilities throughout the United States that chemically treat lumber products. In connection with the ownership and operation of these and other real properties, and the disposal or treatment of hazardous or toxic substances, we may, under various federal, state, and local environmental laws, ordinances, and regulations, be potentially liable for removal and remediation costs, as well as other potential costs, damages, and expenses. Environmental reserves, have been established to cover remediation activities at our affiliates' wood preservation facilities in Stockertown, PA; Elizabeth City, NC; Auburndale, FL; Janesville, WI; and Medley, FL. In addition, a reserve was established for our affiliate's facility in Thornton, CA to remove certain lead containing materials which existed on the property at the time of purchase. During 2009, a subsidiary entered into a consent order with the State of Florida to conduct additional testing at the Auburndale, FL facility. We admitted no liability and the costs are not expected to be material.

On a consolidated basis, we have reserved approximately \$3.5 million on September 28, 2013 and \$3.4 million on September 29, 2012, representing the estimated costs to complete future remediation efforts. These amounts have not been reduced by an insurance receivable.

In the third quarter of 2013, we accrued \$0.9 million related to anti-dumping duty assessments estimated on plywood and steel nails imported from China. We continue to work with US Customs and Border Protection to mitigate potential charges.

In the third quarter of 2012, we recorded a \$2 million loss contingency for a Canadian anti-dumping duty. The Canadian government imposed retroactive assessments for antidumping and countervailing duties to certain extruded aluminum products imported from China. We continue to work with the government to clarify the applicability of these rules to our products. This duty is unrelated to the 2013 duty assessment disclosed above.

We are currently undergoing an unclaimed property audit with the state of Michigan covering the period July 1, 1994 to present. We anticipate that the audit will be completed during 2014.

In addition, on September 28, 2013, we were parties either as plaintiff or defendant to a number of lawsuits and claims arising through the normal course of our business. In the opinion of management, our consolidated financial statements will not be materially affected by the outcome of these contingencies and claims.

On September 28, 2013, we had outstanding purchase commitments on capital projects of approximately \$12.3 million.

We provide a variety of warranties for products we manufacture. Historically, warranty claims have not been material. We distribute products manufactured by other companies, some of which are no longer in business. While we do not warrant these products, we have received claims as a distributor of these products when the manufacturer no longer exists or has the ability to pay. Historically, these costs have not had a material affect on our consolidated financial statements.

In certain cases we supply building materials and labor to site-built construction projects or we jointly bid on contracts with framing companies for such projects. In some instances we are required to post payment and performance bonds to insure the owner that the products and installation services are completed in accordance with our contractual obligations. We have agreed to indemnify the surety for claims made against the bonds. As of September 28, 2013, we had approximately \$32.2 million in outstanding payment and performance bonds, which expire during the next two years. In addition, approximately \$17.7 million in payment and performance bonds are outstanding for completed projects which are still under warranty.

On September 28, 2013, we had outstanding letters of credit totaling \$26.5 million, primarily related to certain insurance contracts and industrial development revenue bonds described further below.

In lieu of cash deposits, we provide irrevocable letters of credit in favor of our insurers to guarantee our performance under certain insurance contracts. We currently have irrevocable letters of credit outstanding totaling approximately \$16.7 million for these types of insurance arrangements. We have reserves recorded on our balance sheet, in accrued liabilities, that reflect our expected future liabilities under these insurance arrangements.

We are required to provide irrevocable letters of credit in favor of the bond trustees for all of the industrial development revenue bonds that we have issued. These letters of credit guarantee principal and interest payments to the bondholders. We currently have irrevocable letters of credit outstanding totaling approximately \$9.8 million related to our outstanding industrial development revenue bonds. These letters of credit have varying terms but may be renewed at the option of the issuing banks.

Certain wholly owned domestic subsidiaries have guaranteed the indebtedness of Universal Forest Products, Inc. in certain debt agreements, including the Series 2012 Senior Notes and our revolving credit facility. The maximum exposure of these guarantees is limited to the indebtedness outstanding under these debt arrangements and this exposure will expire concurrent with the expiration of the debt agreements.

Many of our wood treating operations utilize "Subpart W" drip pads, defined as hazardous waste management units by the EPA. The rules regulating drip pads require that the pad be "closed" at the point that it is no longer intended to be used for wood treating operations or to manage hazardous waste. Closure involves identification and disposal of contaminants which are required to be removed from the facility. The cost of closure is dependent upon a number of factors including, but not limited to, identification and removal of contaminants, cleanup standards that vary from state to state, and the time period over which the cleanup would be completed. Based on our present knowledge of existing circumstances, it is considered probable that these costs will approximate \$0.6 million. As a result, this amount is recorded in other long-term liabilities on September 28, 2013.

We did not enter into any new guarantee arrangements during the third quarter of 2013 which would require us to recognize a liability on our balance sheet.

G. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

We completed the following acquisitions in fiscal 2013 and 2012 which were accounted for using the purchase method (in millions):

			Intangible	Net Tangible	Operating	
Company Name	Acquisition Date	Purchase Price	Assets	Assets	Segment	Business Description
Premier Laminating Services, Inc. ("Premier Laminating")	May 31, 2013	\$0.7 (asset purchase)	\$ 0.2	\$ 0.5	Western Division	A business specialized in environmentally sustainable laminated wooden products. Facility is located in Perris, CA.
Company, Inc. ("Millry")	February 28, 2013	\$2.3 (asset purchase)	\$ 0.1	\$ 2.2	Eastern Division	A highly specialized export mill that produces rough dimension boards and lumber. Facility is located in Millry, AL.
Custom Caseworks, Inc. ("Custom Caseworks")	December 31, 2012	\$6.3 (asset purchase)	\$ 2.0	\$ 4.3	Western Division	A high-precision business-to-business manufacturer of engineered wood products in many commercial markets. Facility is located in Sauk Rapids, MN. Custom Caseworks had annual sales of \$7 million.
Nepa Pallet and Container Co., Inc. ("Nepa")	November 5, 2012	\$16.2 (asset purchase)	\$ 1.4	\$ 14.8	Western Division	Manufactures pallets, containers and bins for agricultural and industrial customers. Facilities are located in Snohomish, Yakima and Wenatchee, WA. NEPA had trailing twelve month sales of \$25 million.
MSR Forest Products, LLC ("MSR")	May 16, 2012	\$3.2 (asset purchase)	\$ 1.1	\$ 2.1	Distribution Division	Supplies roof trusses and cut-to-size lumber to manufactured housing customers. Facilities are located in Haleyville, AL and Waycross, GA. MSR had annual sales of \$10 million.

The intangible assets for each of the acquisitions were finalized and allocated to their respective identifiable intangible asset and goodwill accounts during 2013. This resulted in a \$1.4 million reclassification from goodwill to amortizable intangible asset accounts.

H. SEGMENT REPORTING

ASC 280, *Segment Reporting* ("ASC 280"), defines operating segments as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

Our operating segments consist of the Eastern, Western, Site-Built, Consumer Products and Distribution divisions. In accordance with ASC 280, due to the similar economic characteristics, nature of products, distribution methods, and customers, we have aggregated our Eastern and Western operating segments into one reportable segment. The Site-Built division is considered a separate reportable segment. Our other divisions do not collectively form a reportable segment because their respective operations are dissimilar and they do not meet the applicable quantitative requirements. These operations have been included in the "All Other" column of the table below. The "Corporate" column includes unallocated administrative costs.

		Three Months Ended September 28, 2013											
	Ea	stern and											
		Western	S	ite-Built		All Other		Corporate		Total			
Net sales to outside customers	\$	523,364	\$	70,579	\$	57,837	\$	-	\$	651,780			
Intersegment net sales		21,246		4,406		2,968		-		28,620			
Segment operating profit		18,628		3,993		630		1,276		24,527			

Three Months Ended September 29, 2012

					 <u> </u>					
	E	astern and								
		Western	S	ite-Built	All Other	C	orporate	Total		
Net sales to outside customers	\$	425,260	\$	59,630	\$ 48,476	\$	-	\$	533,366	
Intersegment net sales		13,455		5,040	3,009		-		21,504	
Segment operating profit (loss)		6,149		394	(2,874)		4,641		8,310	

Nine Months Ended September 28, 2013

	E	astern and					
	Western		Site-Built		 All Other	 Corporate	 Total
Net sales to outside customers	\$	1,570,073	\$	202,590	\$ 172,048	\$ -	\$ 1,944,711
Intersegment net sales		69,179		13,168	9,913	-	92,260
Segment operating profit		54,412		2,163	1,543	2,584	60,702

Nine Months Ended September 29, 2012

	E	astern and				
		Western	 Site-Built	 All Other	 Corporate	 Total
Net sales to outside customers	\$	1,268,162	\$ 160,561	\$ 155,447	\$ -	\$ 1,584,170
Intersegment net sales		49,387	13,916	11,619	-	74,922
Segment operating profit (loss)		45,395	858	(4,150)	3,519	45,622

I. INCOME TAXES

Effective tax rates differ from statutory federal income tax rates, primarily due to provisions for state and local income taxes and permanent tax differences. Our effective tax rate was 36.2% in the third quarter of 2013 compared to 37.9% for same period of 2012. Our effective tax rate was 35.7% in the first nine months of 2013 compared to 37.3% for the same period of 2012. The decrease in our effective tax rate is primarily due to 2012 and 2013 research and development and certain other tax credits that were enacted in the first quarter of 2013, retroactive to the beginning of 2012.

J. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 16, 2013, our Board approved a semi-annual dividend of \$0.21 per share, payable on December 15, 2013 to shareholders of record on December 1, 2013.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Universal Forest Products, Inc. is a holding company that provides capital, management and administrative resources to subsidiaries that design, manufacture and market wood and wood-alternative products for building materials retailers and wholesalers, structural lumber and other products for the manufactured housing and residential construction markets, and specialty wood packaging and components and packing materials for various industries. It has subsidiaries that provide framing services for the residential construction market in some parts of the country; that manufacture and market products used for concrete construction; and that offer lawn and garden products, such as trellises and arches, to retailers nationwide. Its consumer products operations offer a large portfolio of outdoor living products, including wood composite decking, decorative balusters, post caps and plastic lattice. Founded in 1955, Universal Forest Products is headquartered in Grand Rapids, Mich. Its subsidiaries operate facilities throughout North America. For more about Universal, go to www.ufpi.com.

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended, that are based on management's beliefs, assumptions, current expectations, estimates and projections about the markets we serve, the economy and the Company itself. Words like "anticipates," "believes," "confident," "estimates," "expects," "forecasts," "likely," "plans," "projects," "should," variations of such words, and similar expressions identify such forward-looking statements. These statements do not guarantee future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict with regard to timing, extent, likelihood and degree of occurrence. The Company does not undertake to update forward-looking statements to reflect facts, circumstances, events, or assumptions that occur after the date the forward-looking statements are made. Actual results could differ materially from those included in such forward-looking statements. Investors are cautioned that all forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainty. Among the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from forward-looking statements are the following: fluctuations in the price of lumber; adverse or unusual weather conditions; adverse economic conditions in the markets we serve; government regulations, particularly involving environmental and safety regulations; and our ability to make successful business acquisitions. Certain of these risk factors as well as other risk factors and additional information are included in the Company's reports on Form 10-K and 10-Q on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We are pleased to present this overview of the first three quarters of 2013.

OVERVIEW

Our results for the third quarter of 2013 were impacted by the following:

Our sales increased 22% due to a 9% increase in prices due to the lumber market and a 13% increase in unit sales. See "Historical Lumber Prices". Our unit sales increased in all five market classifications, with our strongest growth occurring in our construction and home building markets - commercial construction and concrete forming, residential construction, and manufactured housing. Our unit sales to the retail building materials market reported an increase of approximately 12% as we continue to gain market share with retail customers during 2013 and our industrial market increased by 12%, in part, due to recent acquisitions.

- ŸNational housing starts increased approximately 15% in the period of June 2013 through August 2013 (our sales trail housing starts by about a month), compared to the same period of 2012, while our unit sales increased 12% in the residential construction market. Since the downturn in housing began, suppliers servicing this market have been challenged with significant excess capacity. Consequently, pricing pressure has been intense resulting in several years of operating losses for many industry participants. We have maintained our focus on profitability and cash flow by being selective in the business we take. Consequently, our sales may trail the market from time to time.
- ŸProduction of HUD code manufactured homes was up 9% during the third quarter of 2013, compared to the same period of 2012, which helped drive our 9% increase in unit sales to this market. We also believe modular market activity has improved. We believe we've maintained our share of the manufactured housing market in the core manufactured product lines we offer.
- ŸIn the third quarter of 2013, we accrued \$0.9 million related to anti-dumping duty assessments estimated on plywood and steel nails imported from China. In the third quarter of 2012, we recorded a \$2.0 million loss contingency for a Canadian anti-dumping duty. The Canadian government has imposed retroactive assessments for antidumping and countervailing duties tied to certain extruded aluminum products imported from China. We continue to work with the applicable government agencies to clarify the applicability of these rules to our products.
- ŸOur profitability has improved primarily due to a combination of higher unit sales and operating leverage we have in the cost structure of our business.
- ŸHigher unit sales and lumber prices have resulted in a substantial year over year increase in our working capital and debt levels.

HISTORICAL LUMBER PRICES

We experience significant fluctuations in the cost of commodity lumber products from primary producers ("Lumber Market"). The following table presents the Random Lengths framing lumber composite price:

	F	Random Leng Average	-
		2013	2012
January	\$	393	\$ 281
February		409	286
March		436	300
April		429	308
May		367	342
June		329	330
July		343	323
August		353	340
September		368	332
Third quarter average	\$	355	\$ 332
Year-to-date average		381	316
Third quarter percentage change		6.9%	
Year-to-date percentage change		20.6%	

In addition, a Southern Yellow Pine ("SYP") composite price, which we prepare and use, is presented below. Sales of products produced using this species, which primarily consists of our preservative-treated products, may comprise up to 50% of our sales volume.

	R	Random Lengths SYP Average \$/MBF								
	201	13		2012						
January	\$	397	\$	269						
February		426		278						
March		445		300						
April		436		314						
May		383		341						
June		355		314						
July		366		300						
August		364		315						
September		360		319						
Third quarter average	\$	363	\$	311						
Year-to-date average	\$	392	\$	306						
Third quarter percentage change		16.7%								
Year-to-date percentage change		28.1%								

IMPACT OF THE LUMBER MARKET ON OUR OPERATING RESULTS

We experience significant fluctuations in the cost of commodity lumber products from primary produces ("Lumber Market"). We generally price our products to pass lumber costs through to our customers so that our profitability is based on the value-added manufacturing, distribution, engineering, and other services we provide. As a result, our sales levels (and working capital requirements) are impacted by the lumber costs of our products. Lumber costs are a significant percentage of our cost of goods sold.

Our gross margins are impacted by (1) the relative <u>level</u> of the Lumber Market (i.e. whether prices are higher or lower from comparative periods), and (2) the <u>trend</u> in the market price of lumber (i.e. whether the price of lumber is increasing or decreasing within a period or from period to period). Moreover, as explained below, our products are priced differently. Some of our products have fixed selling prices, while the selling prices of other products are indexed to the reported Lumber Market with a fixed dollar adder to cover conversion costs and profits. Consequently, the <u>level</u> and <u>trend</u> of the Lumber Market impact our products differently.

Below is a general description of the primary ways in which our products are priced.

- Ÿ<u>Products with fixed selling prices.</u> These products include value-added products such as decking and fencing sold to retail building materials customers, as well as trusses, wall panels and other components sold to the residential construction market, and most industrial packaging products. Prices for these products are generally fixed at the time of the sales quotation for a specified period of time or are based upon a specific quantity. In order to maintain margins and reduce any exposure to adverse trends in the price of component lumber products, we attempt to lock in costs with our suppliers for these sales commitments. Also, the time period and quantity limitations generally allow us to re-price our products for changes in lumber costs from our suppliers.
- ŸProducts with selling prices indexed to the reported Lumber Market with a fixed dollar "adder" to cover conversion costs and profits. These products primarily include treated lumber, remanufactured lumber, and trusses sold to the manufactured housing industry. For these products, we estimate the customers' needs and we carry anticipated levels of inventory. Because lumber costs are incurred in advance of final sale prices, subsequent increases or decreases in the market price of lumber impact our gross margins. For these products, our margins are exposed to changes in the trend of lumber prices. As a result of the decline in the housing market and our sales to residential and commercial builders, a greater percentage of our sales fall into this general pricing category. Consequently, we believe our profitability may be impacted to a much greater extent to changes in the trend of lumber prices.

Changes in the trend of lumber prices have their greatest impact on the following products:

ŸProducts with significant inventory levels with low turnover rates, whose selling prices are indexed to the Lumber Market. In other words, the longer the period of time these products remain in inventory, the greater the exposure to changes in the price of lumber. This would include treated lumber, which comprises approximately 20% of our total sales. This exposure is less significant with remanufactured lumber, trusses sold to the manufactured housing market, and other similar products, due to the higher rate of inventory turnover. We attempt to mitigate the risk associated with treated lumber through vendor consignment inventory programs. (Please refer to the "Risk Factors" section of our annual report on form 10-K, filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.)

ŸProducts with fixed selling prices sold under long-term supply arrangements, particularly those involving multi-family and commercial construction projects. We attempt to mitigate this risk through our purchasing practices by locking in costs.

In addition to the impact of the Lumber Market <u>trends</u> on gross margins, changes in the <u>level</u> of the market cause fluctuations in gross margins when comparing operating results from period to period. This is explained in the following example, which assumes the price of lumber has increased from period one to period two, with no changes in the <u>trend</u> within each period.

	Pe	riod 1	Pe	eriod 2
Lumber cost	\$	300	\$	400
Conversion cost		50		50
= Product cost		350		450
Adder		50		50
= Sell price	\$	400	\$	500
Gross margin		12.5%)	10.0%

As is apparent from the preceding example, the <u>level</u> of lumber prices does not impact our overall profits, but does impact our margins. Gross margins are negatively impacted during periods of high lumber prices; conversely, we experience margin improvement when lumber prices are relatively low.

BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

See Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements, Note G, "Business Combinations."

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, the components of our Consolidated Condensed Statements of Earnings as a percentage of net sales.

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Nine mont	hs Ended
	September 28, 2013	September 29, 2012	September 28, 2013	September 29, 2012
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of goods sold	88.0	89.6	88.9	88.6
Gross profit	12.0	10.4	11.1	11.4
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	8.1	8.5	7.9	8.8
Anti-dumping duty assessment	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.2
Net gain on disposition of assets, early retirement, and other impairment and exit				
charges		-	-	(0.5)
Earnings from operations	3.8	1.6	3.1	2.9
Other expense, net	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Earnings before income taxes	3.6	1.4	3.0	2.7
Income taxes	1.3	0.5	1.1	1.0
Net earnings	2.3	0.9	1.9	1.7
Less net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
Net earnings attributable to controlling interest	2.2%	0.8%	1.8%	1.6%

Note: Actual percentages are calculated and may not sum to total due to rounding.

GROSS SALES

We design, manufacture and market wood and wood-alternative products for national home centers and other retailers, structural lumber and other products for the manufactured housing industry, engineered wood components for residential and commercial construction, and specialty wood packaging, components and packing materials for various industries. Our strategic long-term sales objectives include:

ŸDiversifying our end market sales mix by increasing sales of specialty wood packaging to industrial users, increasing our penetration of the concrete forming market, increasing our sales of engineered wood components for custom home, multi-family, military and light commercial construction, and increasing our market share with independent retailers.

 \ddot{Y} Expanding geographically in our core businesses, domestically and internationally.

ŸIncreasing sales of "value-added" products, which primarily consist of fencing, decking, lattice, and other specialty products sold to the retail building materials market, specialty wood packaging, engineered wood components, and "wood alternative" products. Engineered wood components include roof trusses, wall panels, and floor systems. Wood alternative products consist primarily of composite wood and plastics. Although we consider the treatment of dimensional lumber with certain chemical preservatives a value-added process, treated lumber is not presently included in the value-added sales totals.

 \ddot{Y} Developing new products and expanding our product offering for existing customers.

ŸMaximizing unit sales growth while achieving return on investment goals.

Value-Added and Commodity-Based Sales:

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, our percentage of value-added and commodity-based sales to total sales. Value-added products generally carry higher gross margins than our commodity-based products.

Three Mon	ths Ended	Nine Montl	ns Ended
September 28, 2013	September 29, 2012	September 28, 2013	September 29, 2012
59.1%	58.4%	58.1%	58.9%
40.9%	41.6%	41.9%	41.1%

The processes used to produce preservative treated lumber and its applications in the marketplace would suggest that it is a "value-added" product, but we have classified this product category as "commodity-based" as a result of its lower margin.

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, our gross sales and percentage change in gross sales by market classification.

(in thousands)		7	Three	Months Ended		Nine Months Ended							
	Sept	ember 28,	Se	ptember 29,		Se	ptember 28,	tember 29,					
Market Classification		2013		2012	% Change		2013		2012	% Change			
Retail Building Materials	\$	247,002	\$	203,126	21.6	\$	767,810	\$	678,408	13.2			
Industrial		187,253		155,048	20.8		541,079		449,017	20.5			
Residential Construction		89,692		69,378	29.3		258,328		181,148	42.6			
Commercial Construction and Concrete													
Forming		36,737		24,217	51.7		104,627		67,954	54.0			
Manufactured Housing		99,976		89,026	12.3		299,338		232,729	28.6			
Housing and Construction		226,405		182,621	24.0		662,293		481,831	37.5			
Total Gross Sales		660,660		540,795	22.2		1,971,182		1,609,256	22.5			
Sales Allowances		(8,880)		(7,429)			(26,471)		(25,086)				
Total Net Sales	\$	651,780	\$	533,366	22.2	\$	1,944,711	\$	1,584,170	22.8			

Gross sales in the third quarter of 2013 increased 22% compared to the same period of 2012, due to a 9% increase in overall prices primarily resulting from the higher level of the Lumber Market, which impacts our selling prices to customers in each of our markets, and a 13% increase in overall unit sales.

Gross sales in the first nine months of 2013 increased 22% compared to the same period of 2012, due to higher lumber prices and an 8% increase in unit sales.

Changes in our gross sales by market are discussed below.

Retail Building Materials:

Gross sales to the retail building materials market increased 22% in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period of 2012, due to a 10% increase in selling prices and a 12% increase in our overall unit sales. Within this market, sales to our big box customers increased 28% while our sales to other retailers increased 15%. Our increase in unit sales is due to a combination of an increase in market share and improved consumer spending as evidenced by higher same store sales growth reported by our big box customers.

Gross sales to the retail building materials market increased 13% in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period of 2012. Within this market, sales to our big box customers increased 12% while our sales to other retailers increased 14%. Our unit sales increased 1% for the first nine months of 2013. Sequentially, our sales growth has improved since May of 2013 as weather in many regions of the country improved.

Industrial:

Gross sales to the industrial market increased 21% in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period of 2013, resulting from a 9% increase in selling prices and a 12% increase in unit sales. We acquired two new operations which contributed to our growth in unit sales.

Gross sales to the industrial market increased 21% in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period of 2012, primarily due to the same factors discussed above. Our unit sales increased 8% in the first nine months of 2013.

Residential Construction:

Gross sales to the residential construction market increased 29% in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period of 2012 due to an increase in lumber prices and a 12% increase in our unit sales. By comparison, national housing starts increased approximately 15% in the period of June 2013 through August 2013 (our sales typically trail housing starts by about a month), compared to the same period of 2012. Our sales growth may trail the market from time to time due to our focus on profitability and cash flow as this market is still challenged with excess capacity resulting in pricing pressure from customers.

Gross sales to the residential construction market increased 43% in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period of 2012, primarily due to the same factors discussed above. Our unit sales increased 20% for the first nine months of 2013. By comparison, national housing starts increased approximately 23% in the first nine months of 2013.

Commercial Construction and Concrete Forming:

Gross sales to the commercial construction and concrete forming market increased 52% in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period of 2012 due to a 42% increase in unit sales and a 10% increase in selling prices. Within this market, sales to commercial builders increased 71%, primarily due to new product sales in our Gulf region, and sales of products used to make concrete forms increased 40%.

Gross sales to the commercial construction and concrete forming market increased 54% in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period of 2012 due to a 40% increase in unit sales and a 14% increase in selling prices. Within this market, sales to commercial builders increased 90%, and sales of products used to make concrete forms increased 33% due to our continued focus on growing our share of this market.

Industrial:

Gross sales to the industrial market increased 21% in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period of 2013, resulting from a 9% increase in selling prices and a 12% increase in unit sales. We acquired two new operations which contributed to our growth in unit sales.

Gross sales to the industrial market increased 21% in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period of 2012, primarily due to the same factors discussed above. Our unit sales increased 8% in the first nine months of 2013.

Manufactured Housing:

Gross sales to the manufactured housing market increased 12% in the third quarter of 2013 compared to 2012, primarily due to an increase in unit sales and a slight increase in selling prices due to the lumber market. Production of HUD-code homes in the third quarter of 2013 increased 9% compared to 2012, and we believe modular market activity also increased.

Gross sales to the manufactured housing market increased 29% in the first nine months of 2013 compared to 2012, primarily due to the same factors discussed above. Our selling price increased 18% and our unit sales increased 11% for the first nine months of 2013. By comparison, year to date production of HUD-code homes increased 6%.

COST OF GOODS SOLD AND GROSS PROFIT

Our gross profit percentage increased to 12.0% from 10.4% comparing the third quarter of 2013 to the same period of 2012. In addition, our gross profit dollars increased by 41.8%, exceeding our 13% increase in unit sales.

The improvement in our gross profit per unit and profitability this quarter resulted from our increase in unit sales combined with the operating leverage we have on our labor, overhead and outbound freight costs, as well as a decrease in our material costs as a percentage of sales to our residential construction and industrial customers as a result of the recent trend in lumber prices. Products sold to these customers are generally sold on a fixed price held open for a specified period of time.

Our gross profit percentage decreased to 11.1% from 11.4% comparing the first nine months of 2013 to the same period of 2012 due to the higher level of lumber prices. See Historical Lumber Prices. Our gross profit dollars increased by 19.2%, which compares favorably to our 8% increase in unit sales. This improvement is primarily due to the combination of higher unit sales and operating leverage we have in the cost structure of our plants.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses increased by approximately \$7.8 million, or 17.3%, in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period of 2012, while we reported a 13% increase in unit sales. The increase in SG&A was primarily due to increases in wages and certain incentive compensation tied to profitability and returns.

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses increased by approximately \$14.3 million, or 10.2%, in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period of 2012, while we reported an 8% increase in unit sales. SG&A expenses were impacted in the first nine months of 2013 by the same factors discussed above.

ANTI-DUMPING DUTY ASSESSMENTS

In the third quarter of 2013, we recorded \$0.9 million related to estimated anti-dumping duty charges from the U.S Customs and Border Protection on certain products we imported from China. We continue to work with the government to mitigate potential charges.

In the third quarter of 2012, we recorded a \$2.0 million loss contingency for a Canadian anti-dumping duty which represents the maximum amount of our exposure. The Canadian government imposed retroactive assessments for antidumping and countervailing duties tied to certain extruded aluminum products imported from China. We continue to work with the government to clarify the applicability of these rules to our products.

NET (GAIN) LOSS ON DISPOSITION OF ASSETS, EARLY RETIREMENT AND OTHER IMPAIRMENT AND EXIT CHARGES

In the first nine months of 2013, we had net gains on the sale of property, plant and equipment totaling approximately \$0.3 million.

In the first nine months of 2012, we incurred approximately \$0.2 million of severance costs which were offset by net gains on the sale or disposal of property, plant and equipment totaling approximately \$7.2 million.

We regularly review the performance of each our operations and make decisions to permanently or temporarily close operations based on a variety of factors including:

- · Current and projected earnings, cash flow and return on investment
- · Current and projected market demand
- · Market share
- · Competitive factors
- · Future growth opportunities
- · Personnel and management

INTEREST, NET

Net interest costs were higher in the third quarter and first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period of 2012, due to higher debt levels in 2013 resulting from the impact of higher lumber prices and greater sales volumes on working capital.

INCOME TAXES

Effective tax rates differ from statutory federal income tax rates, primarily due to provisions for state and local income taxes and permanent tax differences. Our effective tax rate was 36.2% in the third quarter of 2013 compared to 37.9% for same period of 2012. Our effective tax rate was 35.7% in the first nine months of 2013 compared to 37.3% for the same period of 2012. The decrease in our year to date effective tax rate is primarily due to research and development and certain other tax credits related to 2012, which Congress approved in 2013, and a decrease in our state income tax rate as our pre-tax profits have improved.

SEGMENT REPORTING

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, our net sales and operating profit by reportable segment.

		Net Sales										Segn	nent (Operating P	rofit
(in thousands)	Three Months Ended									Th	ree N	Ionths Ende	ed	
		Se	eptember	S	eptember					September	Sej	ptember			
		2	28, 2013	2	29, 2012	\$	Change	% Change		28, 2013	29	9, 2012	\$	Change	% Change
	Eastern and Western	\$	523,364	\$	425,260	\$	98,104	23.1%	5	\$ 18,628	\$	6,149	\$	12,479	202.9%
	Site-Built		70,579		59,630		10,949	18.4		3,993		394		3,599	913.5
	All Other		57,837		48,476		9,361	19.3		630		(2,874)		3,504	121.9
	Corporate ¹		-		-		-			1,276		4,641		(3,365)	(72.5)
	Total	\$	651,780	\$	533,366	\$	118,414	22.2%	, 5	\$ 24,527	\$	8,310	\$	16,217	195.2%

	Net Sales										Segment Operating Profit					
(in thousa	ands)		Nine Months Ended							Ni	ine M	Ionths Ende	ed			
		September	September				Se	eptember	Se	ptember						
		28, 2013	29, 2012	\$	Change	% Change	2	8, 2013	29	9, 2012	\$	Change	% Change			
	Eastern and Western	\$ 1,570,073	\$ 1,268,162	\$	301,911	23.8%	\$	54,412	\$	45,395	\$	9,017	19.9%			
	Site-Built	202,590	160,561		42,029	26.2		2,163		858		1,305	152.1			
	All Other	172,048	155,447		16,601	10.7		1,543		(4,150)		5,693	137.2			
	Corporate ¹		-		-			2,584		3,519		(935)	(26.6)			
	Total	\$ 1,944,711	\$ 1,584,170	\$	360,541	22.8%	\$	60,702	\$	45,622	\$	15,080	33.1%			

¹Corporate primarily represents over (under) allocated administrative costs.

Eastern and Western

Net sales to the Eastern and Western reportable segment increased in the third quarter of 2013 compared to 2012 and in the first nine months of 2013 compared to 2012, due to increased lumber prices and:

- An increase in commercial construction and concrete forming sales primarily due to new products introduced in our Gulf region and other market share gains.
- · An increase in manufactured housing sales due to an increase in industry production of HUD code homes.
- · Recently acquired businesses that serve the industrial market.
- · An increase in sales to retail customers since May as weather and consumer spending improved and due to market share gains.

Operating profit for the Eastern and Western reportable segment increased in the third quarter and in the first nine months of 2013 primarily due to greater unit sales and operating leverage on labor and overhead costs. In addition, operating profits were impacted in 2012 by a \$6.9 million net gain on the sale of real estate.

Site-Built

Net sales to the Site-Built reportable segment increased in the third quarter and in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same periods of 2012, primarily due to increased lumber prices and an increase in housing starts.

Operating profit for the Site-Built reportable segment increased in the third quarter of 2013 and first nine months of 2013, primarily due to an increase in unit sales and operating leverage on labor and overhead costs. The year to date profits of our turn-key framing operations were adversely impacted by an unexpected rise in labor costs early in the year on certain projects, which offset some of the favorable impact of higher unit sales discussed above.

All Other

Net sales to all other segments increased in the third quarter and first nine months of 2013 compared to 2012 primarily due:

- An increase in sales to the manufactured housing market by our UFP Distribution operations, primarily due to an increase in industry production of HUD code homes and market share gains from adding new product lines.
- · An increase in sales to the industrial market by our Pinelli Universal partnership, which manufactures moulding and millwork products out of its plant in Durango, Durango Mexico.
- · An increase in sales by our Universal Consumer Products operations.

Operating profit for all other segments increased in the third quarter and first nine months of 2013 compared to 2012, primarily due to improved profitability of our Universal Consumer Products operations resulting from operational improvements and our Pinelli Universal partnership due to the higher level of lumber prices. These factors were partially offset by additional development costs associated with our new Eovations product line.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET TRANSACTIONS

We have no significant off-balance sheet transactions other than operating leases.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The table below presents, for the periods indicated, a summary of our cash flow statement (in thousands):

		Nine Mon	ths En	ıs Ended		
	Sep	tember 28, 2013	Sep	tember 29, 2012		
Cash from operating activities	\$	47,738		2,499		
Cash used in investing activities		(34,553)		(10,521)		
Cash from (used in) financing activities		(15,695)		725		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		14		347		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(2,496)		(6,950)		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		7,647	\$	11,305		
Cash, end of period	\$	5,151	\$	4,355		

In general, we financed our growth in the past through a combination of operating cash flows, our revolving credit facility, industrial development bonds (when circumstances permit), and issuance of long-term notes payable at times when interest rates are favorable. We have not issued equity to finance growth except in the case of a large acquisition. We manage our capital structure by attempting to maintain a targeted ratio of debt to equity and debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. We believe this is one of many important factors to maintaining a strong credit profile, which in turn helps ensure timely access to capital when needed. We are currently below our internal targets and plan to manage our capital structure conservatively in light of current economic conditions.

Seasonality has a significant impact on our working capital from March to August which historically results in negative or modest cash flows from operations in our first and second quarters. Conversely, we experience a substantial decrease in working capital from September to February which typically results in significant cash flow from operations in our third and fourth quarters. For comparative purposes, we have included the September 29, 2012 balances in the accompanying unaudited consolidated condensed balance sheets.

Due to the seasonality of our business and the effects of the Lumber Market, we believe our cash cycle (days of sales outstanding plus days supply of inventory less days payables outstanding) is a good indicator of our working capital management. Our cash cycle increased to 47 days in the first nine months of 2013 from 46 days in the first nine months of 2012, due to a 1 day decrease in our days payable outstanding.

Cash provided by operating activities was \$47.7 million in the first nine months of 2013, which was comprised of net earnings of \$37.1 million and \$25.3 million of non-cash expenses, offset by a \$14.7 million increase in working capital since the end of 2012. Working capital at the end of September 2013 is higher than the end of September 2012 primarily due to the impact of higher lumber prices and sales levels.

Capital expenditures were \$32.1 million in the first nine months of 2013. We currently plan to spend up to \$40 million in 2013, which includes outstanding purchase commitments on existing capital projects totaling approximately \$12.3 million on September 28, 2013, primarily for expansion to support new product offerings and sales growth into new geographic markets. We intend to fund capital expenditures and purchase commitments through our operating cash flows for the balance of the year.

Cash flows used in investing activities also included \$9.3 million spent to acquire assets of Custom Caseworks, Inc., Millry Mill Company, Inc., and Premier Laminating Services, Inc. See Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements, Note G "Business Combinations". Cash held in escrow and classified as restricted cash at December 29, 2012 of \$6.3 million was used to fund the Custom Caseworks, Inc. asset acquisition. Additionally, in the second quarter of 2012, we sold real estate including a plant we previously closed in Fontana, CA and recorded a pre-tax gain of approximately \$7.2 million with proceeds on the sale totaling approximately \$12.5 million.

Operating and investing activities were supported through borrowings on our revolving credit facility. On September 28, 2013, we had no outstanding balance on our \$265 million revolving credit facility compared to \$6.2 million outstanding at September 29, 2012. The revolving credit facility also supports letters of credit totaling approximately \$9.8 million on September 28, 2013. Financial covenants on the unsecured revolving credit facility and unsecured notes include minimum interest tests and a maximum leverage ratio. The agreements also restrict the amount of additional indebtedness we may incur and the amount of assets which may be sold. We were in compliance with all our covenant requirements on September 28, 2013.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS AND REGULATIONS

See Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements, Note F, "Commitments, Contingencies, and Guarantees."

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In preparing our consolidated financial statements, we follow accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These principles require us to make certain estimates and apply judgments that affect our financial position and results of operations. We continually review our accounting policies and financial information disclosures.

In the second quarter of fiscal 2013, we changed our annual testing date for evaluating goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment from the last day of the fiscal year to the first day of the Company's fourth fiscal quarter for all reporting units and indefinite-lived intangible assets. This voluntary change in accounting method is preferable under the circumstances because it will allow us more time to complete the annual goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment testing in advance of our year-end reporting. This change does not delay, accelerate or avoid an impairment charge. The change is not applied retrospectively as it is impracticable to do so because retrospective application would require application of significant estimates and assumptions with the use of hindsight. Accordingly, the change will be applied prospectively.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

We are exposed to market risks related to fluctuations in interest rates on our variable rate debt, which consists of a revolving credit facility and industrial development revenue bonds. We do not currently use interest rate swaps, futures contracts or options on futures, or other types of derivative financial instruments to mitigate this risk.

For fixed rate debt, changes in interest rates generally affect the fair market value, but not earnings or cash flows. Conversely, for variable rate debt, changes in interest rates generally do not influence fair market value, but do affect future earnings and cash flows. We do not have an obligation to prepay fixed rate debt prior to maturity, and as a result, interest rate risk and changes in fair market value should not have a significant impact on such debt until we would be required to refinance it.

We are subject to fluctuations in the price of lumber. We experience significant fluctuations in the cost of commodity lumber products from primary producers (the "Lumber Market"). A variety of factors over which we have no control, including government regulations, transportation, environmental regulations, weather conditions, economic conditions, and natural disasters, impact the cost of lumber products and our selling prices. While we attempt to minimize our risk from severe price fluctuations, substantial, prolonged trends in lumber prices can affect our sales volume, our gross margins, and our profitability. We anticipate that these fluctuations will continue in the future. (See "Impact of the Lumber Market on Our Operating Results.")

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

- (a) <u>Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures</u>. With the participation of management, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, after evaluating the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a 15e and 15d 15e) as of the quarter ended September 28, 2013 (the "Evaluation Date"), have concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.
- (b) <u>Changes in Internal Controls</u>. During the quarter ended September 28, 2013, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

CCA Treated Lumber Products. In connection with the chemical treatment of lumber products, certain of our affiliates market a modest amount of CCA (Chromated Copper Arsenate) treated products for permitted, non-residential applications. From time to time, various special interests and environmental groups have petitioned certain states requesting restrictions on the use or disposal of CCA treated products. The wood preservation industry trade groups have been and are working with individual states and the regulatory agencies to provide an accurate, factual background that demonstrates that the present method of uses and disposal is scientifically supported. While the level of activity in this area has diminished over time, our inability to market CCA treated products could impact our operations adversely.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

- (a) None.
- (b) None.
- (c) Issuer purchases of equity securities.

Fiscal Month	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
June 30 – August 3, 2013 ⁽¹⁾				2,988,229
August 4 – August 31, 2013				2,988,229
September 1 – September 28, 2013				2,988,229

- (a) Total number of shares purchased.
- (b) Average price paid per share.
- (c) Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs.
- (d) Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs.
- (1) On November 14, 2001, the Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program (which succeeded a previous program) allowing us to repurchase up to 2.5 million shares of our common stock. On October 14, 2011, our Board authorized an additional 2 million shares to be repurchased under our share repurchase program. The total number of shares that may be repurchased under the program is approximately 3 million shares.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6. Exhibits.

The following exhibits (listed by number corresponding to the Exhibit Table as Item 601 in Regulation S-K) are filed with this report:

31 Certifications.

- (a) Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer of Universal Forest Products, Inc., pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350).
- (b) Certificate of the Chief Financial Officer of Universal Forest Products, Inc., pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350).

32 Certifications.

- (a) Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer of Universal Forest Products, Inc., pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350).
- (b) Certificate of the Chief Financial Officer of Universal Forest Products, Inc., pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350).

101 Interactive Data File.

(INS) XBRL Instance Docume

(SCH) XBRL Schema Document.

(CAL) XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.

(LAB) XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.

(PRE) XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

(DEF) XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.

^{*} Indicates a compensatory arrangement.

Date: October 30, 2013

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.

Date: October 30, 2013 By: /s/ Matthew J. Missad

Matthew J. Missad,

Chief Executive Officer and Principal Executive

Officer

By: /s/ Michael R. Cole

Michael R. Cole, Chief Financial Officer, Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer

34

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No. Description

- 31 Certifications.
 - (a) Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer of Universal Forest Products, Inc., pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350).
 - (b) Certificate of the Chief Financial Officer of Universal Forest Products, Inc., pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350).
- 32 Certifications.
 - (a) Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer of Universal Forest Products, Inc., pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350).
 - (b) Certificate of the Chief Financial Officer of Universal Forest Products, Inc., pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350).
- 101 Interactive Data File.
 - (INS) XBRL Instance Document.
 - (SCH) XBRL Schema Document.
 - (CAL) XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
 - (LAB) XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
 - (PRE) XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
 - (DEF) XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.

^{*} Indicates a compensatory arrangement.

Universal Forest Products, Inc.

Certification

I, Matthew J. Missad, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Universal Forest Products, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e)) and 15d-15(f)) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 30, 2013

/s/ Matthew J. Missad

Matthew J. Missad, Chief Executive Officer and Principal Executive Officer

Universal Forest Products, Inc.

Certification

I, Michael R. Cole, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Universal Forest Products, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e)) and 15d-15(f)) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 30, 2013

/s/ Michael R. Cole

Michael R. Cole, Chief Financial Officer, Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer

CERTIFICATE OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER OF UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350):

- I, Matthew J. Missad, Chief Executive Officer of Universal Forest Products, Inc., certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350) that:
- (1) The quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 28, 2013, which this statement accompanies, fully complies with requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 28, 2013 fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Universal Forest Products, Inc.

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.

Date: October 30, 2013 By: /s/ Matthew J. Missad

Matthew J. Missad, Chief Executive Officer and Principal Executive Officer

The signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or any other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Universal Forest Products, Inc. and will be retained by Universal Forest Products, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

CERTIFICATE OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OF UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350):

Date: October 30, 2013

- I, Michael R. Cole, Chief Financial Officer of Universal Forest Products, Inc., certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350) that:
- (1) The quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 28, 2013, which this statement accompanies, fully complies with requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 28, 2013 fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Universal Forest Products, Inc.

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.

By: /s/ Michael R. Cole

Michael R. Cole, Chief Financial Officer, Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer

The signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or any other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Universal Forest Products, Inc. and will be retained by Universal Forest Products, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.