# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 29, 2024

OR

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 0-22684

# **UFP INDUSTRIES, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Michigan

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

38-1465835 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

(Zip Code)

49525

(Address of principal executive offices)

2801 East Beltline NE, Grand Rapids, Michigan

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (616) 364-6161

NONE

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report.)

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  $\boxtimes$  No  $\square$ 

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  $\boxtimes$  No  $\square$ 

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer 🖾 Accelerated Filer 🗆 Nor

Non-Accelerated Filer  $\Box$ 

Smaller Reporting Company  $\Box$ Emerging Growth Company  $\Box$ 

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with a new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.  $\Box$ 

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗌 No 🖾

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

(	Class	Outstanding as of June 29, 2024
Common sto	ock, \$1 par value	60,918,541
	Securities registered pursua	ant to Section 12(b) of the Act:
Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol	Name of Each Exchange On Which Registered
Common Stock, no par value UFPI		The Nasdaq Stock Market, LLC

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# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except share data)	June 29, 2024					July 1, 2023
ASSETS			_			
CURRENT ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,041,341	\$	1,118,329	\$	702,148
Restricted cash		761		3,927		761
Investments		36,740		34,745		38,459
Accounts receivable, net		724,921		549,499		802,300
Inventories:		202.071		252 505		224 200
Raw materials		393,871		352,785		334,300
Finished goods		290,942	_	375,003	_	486,887
Total inventories		684,813		727,788		821,187
Refundable income taxes		27,499		29,327		13,717
Other current assets		37,954		38,474		36,486
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		2,554,029		2,502,089		2,415,058
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES		3,291		4,228		4,187
RESTRICTED INVESTMENTS		30,344		24,838		22,756
RIGHT OF USE ASSETS		124,903		103,774		105,907
OTHER ASSETS		101,292		87,438		96,079
GOODWILL INDEEDNITE LIVED INTANCIDLE ACCETS		335,448		336,313		336,495
INDEFINITE-LIVED INTANGIBLE ASSETS OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET		7,332 162,358		7,345 175,195		7,330 138,117
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:		102,558		175,195		136,117
Property, plant and equipment		1,638,880		1,559,304		1,447,482
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(819,383)		(782,727)		(729,468)
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET		819,497	-	776,577	-	718,014
, , ,		,	_		_	ý
TOTAL ASSETS	_	4,138,494		4,017,797		3,843,943
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	<i>.</i>					
Accounts payable	\$	263,318	\$	203,055	\$	264,408
Accrued liabilities: Compensation and benefits		172 700		232.331		192.010
Other		172,790 80,506		66,713		183,910 79,414
Current portion of lease liability		28,020		22,977		25,887
Current portion of long-term debt		43,754		42,900		2.385
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	588.388	_	567,976	_	
LONG-TERM DEBT		232,979		233,534		556,004
LEASE LIABILITY		102,872		84,885		274,821 84,194
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES		44,787		45,248		51,018
OTHER LIABILITIES		33,027		35,934		36,137
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	1,002,053	_	967.577	_	1,002,174
TEMPORARY EQUITY:		1,002,033		907,377		1,002,174
Redeemable noncontrolling interest	\$	18,931	\$	20.030	\$	6.772
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:	φ	10,751	φ	20,050	φ	0,772
Controlling interest shareholders' equity:						
Preferred stock, no par value; shares authorized 1,000,000; issued and						
outstanding, none	\$	_	\$		\$	_
Common stock, \$1 par value; shares authorized 160,000,000; issued and	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
outstanding, 60,918,541, 61,621,004, and 61,865,006		60,919		61.621		61,865
Additional paid-in capital		371,771		354,702		335,494
Retained earnings		2,670,086		2,582,332		2,408,314
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(5,965)		1,106		(2,290)
Total controlling interest shareholders' equity		3,096,811		2,999,761		2,803,383
Noncontrolling interest		20,699		30,429		31,614
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	_	3,117,510		3,030,190	_	2.834.997
	\$	4,138,494	\$	4,017,797	\$	3,843,943
TOTAL LIABILITIES, TEMPORARY EQUITY AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	ф	7,130,474	¢	ч,017,777	¢	5,045,745

See notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share data)		Three Mor	nths E	nded	Six Months Ended				
(		June 29, 2024		July 1, 2023		June 29, 2024		July 1, 2023	
NET SALES	\$	1,901,959	\$ 2	,043,918	\$ 3	3,540,925	\$ 3	3,866,394	
COST OF GOODS SOLD		1,539,216	1	,643,851	ź	2,852,104	ĺ	3,107,998	
GROSS PROFIT		362,743		400,067		688,821		758,396	
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		203,155		204,703		395,214		399,386	
OTHER LOSSES (GAINS), NET		554		1,867		750		3,805	
EARNINGS FROM OPERATIONS		159,034		193,497		292,857		355,205	
INTEREST EXPENSE		3,167		3,275		6,303		6,393	
INTEREST AND INVESTMENT INCOME		(13,215)		(7,717)		(29,708)		(14,264)	
EQUITY IN LOSS OF INVESTEE		642		417		1,236		1,005	
INTEREST AND OTHER		(9,406)		(4,025)		(22,169)		(6,866)	
EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		168,440		197,522		315,026		362,071	
INCOME TAXES		42,208		46,734		67,695		85,705	
NET EARNINGS		126,232		150,788		247,331		276,366	
NET (EARNINGS) LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST		(302)		(27)		(610)		464	
NET EARNINGS ATTRIBUTABLE TO CONTROLLING	_				_				
INTEREST	\$	125,930	\$	150,761	\$	246,721	\$	276,830	
EARNINGS PER SHARE – BASIC	\$	2.05	\$	2.40	\$	4.01	\$	4.41	
EARNINGS PER SHARE – DILUTED	\$	2.05	\$	2.36	\$	4.00	\$	4.35	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:									
NET EARNINGS		126,232		150,788		247,331		276,366	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	_	(7,980)		4,478		(9,110)		10,730	
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		118,252		155,266		238,221		287,096	
COMPREHENSIVE (INCOME) LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST		2,020		(1,721)		1,429		(3,481)	
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO CONTROLLING INTEREST	\$	120,272	\$	153,545	\$	239,650	\$	283,615	

See notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

(in thousands,	except	share	and	per share
data)				

(in thousands, except share and per share data)	Controlling Interest Shareholders' Equity									
	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Ot Comprehensiv Earnings	her re I	Noncontrolling Interest (NCI)	Total	Temporary Equity		
Balance on December 30, 2023	\$ 61,621	\$ 354,702	\$ 2,582,332	\$ 1,1	.06 \$	\$ 30,429	\$ 3,030,190	\$ 20,030		
Net earnings (loss)			120,791			622	121,413	(314)		
Foreign currency translation adjustment				(1,4	19)	616	(803)	(333)		
Unrealized loss on debt securities					6		6			
Distributions to NCI						(3,331)	(3,331)			
Cash dividends - \$0.33 per share - quarterly			(20,411)				(20,411)			
Issuance of 6,251 shares under employee stock										
purchase plan	6	648					654			
Issuance of 369,012 shares under stock grant										
programs	369	5,829					6,198			
Issuance of 76,927 shares under deferred										
compensation plans	77	(77)								
Repurchase of 319,295 shares	(319)	(17,686)	(18,631)				(36,636)			
Expense associated with share-based										
compensation arrangements		11,194					11,194			
Accrued expense under deferred compensation										
plans		7,621					7,621			
Balance on March 30, 2024	\$ 61,754	\$ 362,231	\$ 2,664,081	\$ (3	<b>307)</b> §	5 28,336	\$ 3,116,095	\$ 19,383		
Net earnings (loss)			125,930	,		652	126,582	(350)		
Foreign currency translation adjustment				(5,5	594)	(2,220)	(7,814)	(102)		
Unrealized gain on debt securities				(	(64)		(64)	. ,		
Other		(607)			. ,		(607)			
Distributions to NCI		. ,				(6,069)	(6,069)			
Cash dividends - \$0.33 per share - quarterly			(20, 249)				(20,249)			
Issuance of 8,573 shares under employee stock										
purchase plan	9	807					816			
Issuance of 29,460 shares under stock grant										
programs	29	1	5				35			
Issuance of 9,841 shares under deferred										
compensation plans	10	(10)								
Repurchase of 883,232 shares	(883)	( )	(99,681)				(100,564)			
Expense associated with share-based			( ) - )							
compensation arrangements		7,954					7,954			
Accrued expense under deferred compensation		· · ·					· · · ·			
plans		1,395					1,395			
Balance on June 29, 2024	\$ 60,919	\$ 371,771	\$ 2,670,086	\$ (5,9	65) 8	§ 20,699	\$ 3,117,510	\$ 18,931		
								<u> </u>		

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY, CONTINUED (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except share and per share data)			Controlling I	nter	est Shareholders'	Equity		
	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Acc	cumulated Other Comprehensive Earnings	Noncontrolling Interest (NCI)	Total	Temporary Equity
Balance on December 31, 2022	\$ 61,618	\$ 294,029	\$ 2,217,410	\$	(9,075)	\$ 32,841	\$ 2,596,823	\$ 6,880
Net earnings (loss)			126,069			(313)	125,756	(178)
Foreign currency translation adjustment					3,850	2,195	6,045	56
Unrealized loss on debt securities					151		151	
Distributions to NCI						(4,859)	(4,859)	
Other							_	43
Cash dividends - \$0.25 per share - quarterly			(15,642)				(15,642)	
Issuance of 10,140 shares under employee								
stock purchase plan	10	675					685	
Issuance of 824,669 shares under stock grant								
programs	825	14,356	6				15,187	
Issuance of 93,165 shares under deferred								
compensation plans	93	(93)					_	
Repurchase of 450,597 shares	(450)		(34,818)				(35,268)	
Expense associated with share-based								
compensation arrangements		9,598					9,598	
Accrued expense under deferred compensation								
plans		7,165					7,165	
Balance on April 1, 2023	\$ 62,096	\$ 325,730	\$ 2,293,025	\$	(5,074)		\$ 2,705,641	
Net earnings (loss)			150,761			56	150,817	(29)
Foreign currency translation adjustment					2,983	1,694	4,677	
Unrealized loss on debt securities					(199)		(199)	
Other		(427)					(427)	
Cash dividends - \$0.25 per share - quarterly			(15,507)				(15,507)	
Issuance of 9,253 shares under employee stock								
purchase plan	9	754					763	
Net forfeitures of 1,503 shares under stock								
grant programs	(1)	35					34	
Issuance of 11,686 shares under deferred								
compensation plans	12	(12)					—	
Repurchase of 250,000 shares	(251)		(19,965)				(20,216)	
Expense associated with share-based								
compensation arrangements		8,201					8,201	
Accrued expense under deferred compensation								
plans		1,213		_			1,213	
Balance on July 1, 2023	\$ 61,865	\$ 335,494	\$ 2,408,314	\$	(2,290)	\$ 31,614	\$ 2,834,997	\$ 6,772

See notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)			_	
(in thousands)		hs Ended		
		June 29, 2024		July 1, 2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		2024	_	2023
Net earnings	\$	247,331	\$	276,366
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash used in operating activities:				,
Depreciation		60,643		52,786
Amortization of intangibles		11,735		10,371
Expense associated with share-based and grant compensation arrangements		19,276		17,875
Deferred income taxes		299		(319)
Unrealized gain on investments and other Equity in loss of investee		(1,825) 1,236		(1,291) 1,005
Net loss (gain) on sale, disposition and impairment of assets		1,230		(182)
Gain from reduction of estimated earnout liability		(1,855)		(102)
Changes in:		())		
Accounts receivable		(176,839)		(183,717)
Inventories		41,684		154,413
Accounts payable and cash overdraft		61,125		56,899
Accrued liabilities and other		(25,723)	_	(63,142)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		239,078		321,064
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		(10( 505)		(04.001)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(106,585) 2,353		(84,981) 789
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Acquisitions, net of cash received and purchase of equity method investment		2,333		67
Purchases of investments		(16,416)		(14,747)
Proceeds from sale of investments		9,284		11,486
Other		(7,674)		2,076
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(119,038)		(85,310)
CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		( - , ,		(
Borrowings under revolving credit facilities		12,354		11,026
Repayments under revolving credit facilities		(11,988)		(11,869)
Repayments of debt				(29)
Repayment of debt on behalf of investee		(6,303)		(( 170)
Contingent consideration payments and other Proceeds from issuance of common stock		(4,779) 1,470		(6,179) 1,448
Dividends paid to shareholders		(40,660)		(31,149)
Distributions to noncontrolling interest		(9,400)		(4,859)
Payments to taxing authorities in connection with shares directly withheld from employees		(17,838)		(1,007)
Repurchase of common stock		(119,362)		(55,484)
Other		38		48
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(196,468)		(97,047)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		(3,726)		4,579
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(80,154)	_	143,286
CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND RESTRICTED CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,122,256		559,623
CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND RESTRICTED CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$	1,042,102	\$	702,909
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EOUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH:				
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	\$	1,118,329	\$	559,397
Restricted cash, beginning of period		3,927		226
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period	\$	1,122,256	\$	559,623
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	1,041,341	\$	702,148
Restricted cash, end of period		761		761
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period	\$	1,042,102	\$	702,909
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:			_	
Interest paid	\$	6,317	\$	6,345
Income taxes paid		65,572		66,329
NON-CASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	-		¢	
Capital expenditures included in accounts payable	\$	3,005	\$	1,915
NON-CASH FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Common stock issued under deferred compensation plans	\$	9,743	\$	8,929
Common stock issued under deferred compensation plans	φ	7,743	ф	0,727

See notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated condensed financial statements (the "Financial Statements") include our accounts and those of our wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries and partnerships, and have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, the Financial Statements do not include all the information and footnotes normally included in the annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

We consolidate entities in which we have a controlling financial interest. In determining whether we have a controlling financial interest in a partially owned entity and the requirement to consolidate the accounts of that entity, we consider factors such as ownership interest, board representation, management representation, authority to make decisions, and contractual and substantive participating rights of the partners/members as well as whether the entity is a variable interest entity ("VIE") and whether we are the primary beneficiary. The primary beneficiary of a VIE is the entity that has (i) the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance and (ii) the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could be significant to the VIE. The primary beneficiary is required to consolidate the VIE. We account for unconsolidated VIEs using the equity method of accounting.

As a result of the investment in Dempsey on June 27, 2022, we own 50% of the issued equity of that entity, and the remaining 50% of the issued equity is owned by the previous owners ("Sellers"). The investment in Dempsey is an unconsolidated variable interest entity and we have accounted for it using the equity method of accounting because we do not have a controlling financial interest in the entity. Per the contracts, the Sellers have a put right to sell their equity interest to us for \$50 million and we have a call right to purchase the Seller's equity interest for \$70 million, which are both first exercisable in June 2025 and expire in June 2030. As of June 29, 2024, the carrying value of our investment in Dempsey is \$58.9 million and is recorded in Other Assets. Our maximum exposure to loss consists of our investment amount and any contingent loss that may occur in the future as a result of a change in the fair value of Dempsey relative to the strike price of the put option.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements contain all material adjustments necessary to present fairly our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. These Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements, and footnotes thereto, included in our Annual Report to Shareholders on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 30, 2023.

Seasonality has a significant impact on our working capital from March to August, which historically results in negative or modest cash flows from operations in our first and second quarters. Conversely, we experience a substantial decrease in working capital from September to February which typically results in significant cash flow from operations in our third and fourth quarters. For comparative purposes, we have included the July 1, 2023 balances in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures," which is intended to enhance the transparency, decision usefulness and effectiveness of income tax disclosures. The amendments in this ASU require a public entity to disclose a tabular tax rate reconciliation, using both percentages and currency, with specific categories. A public entity is also required to provide a qualitative description of the states and local jurisdictions that make up the majority of the effect of the state and local income tax category and the net amount of income taxes paid, disaggregated by federal, state and foreign taxes and also disaggregated by individual jurisdictions. The amendments also remove certain disclosures that are no longer considered cost beneficial. The amendments are effective prospectively for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, and early adoption and retrospective application are permitted. Although the ASU only modifies our required income tax disclosures, we are currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance on the consolidated financial statements.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, "Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures," which is intended to improve reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses, allowing financial statement users to better understand the components of a segment's profit or loss to assess potential future cash flows for each reportable segment and the entity as a whole. The amendments expand a public entity's segment disclosures by requiring disclosure of significant segment expenses that are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), clarifying when an entity may report one or more additional measures to assess segment performance, requiring enhanced interim disclosures, providing new disclosure requirements for entities with a single reportable segment, and requiring other new disclosures. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, and early adoption is permitted. Although the ASU only requires additional disclosures about the Company's operating segments, we are currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance on the consolidated financial statements.

# B. FAIR VALUE

We apply the provisions of ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, to assets and liabilities measured at fair value. Assets measured at fair value are as follows (in thousands):

		June	29, 2024					
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Prices with Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Prices with Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Prices with Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Prices with Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Money market								
funds	\$ 250,775	\$ 10,952	\$	\$ 261,727	\$ 492,800	\$ 6,133	\$ —	\$ 498,933
Fixed income funds	5,130	24,477	_	29,607	5,112	18,976	_	24,088
Treasury								
securities	344		—	344	344	—	—	344
Equity securities	17,279		22,000	39,279	16,411		10,500	26,911
Alternative								
investments	—		4,054	4,054	—	—	4,052	4,052
Mutual funds:								
Domestic stock								
funds	14,406		_	14,406	13,330	<u> </u>		13,330
International								
stock funds	550	—	_	550	509			509
Target funds	9		_	9	9			9
Bond funds	5	—	_	5	5			5
Alternative								
funds	486			486	474			474
Total mutual								
funds	15,456			15,456	14,327			14,327
Total	\$ 288,984	\$ 35,429	\$ 26,054	\$ 350,467	\$ 528,994	\$ 25,109	\$ 14,552	\$ 568,655

From the assets measured at fair value as of June 29, 2024, listed in the table above, \$261.4 million of money market funds are held in Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$36.7 million of mutual funds, equity securities, and alternative investments are held in Investments, \$22.0 million of equity securities are held in Other Assets, \$0.1 million of money market and mutual funds are held in Other Assets for our deferred compensation plan, and \$30.0 million of fixed income funds and \$0.3 million of money market funds are held in Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$34.8 million of mutual funds, equity securities, and alternative investments were held in Investments, \$10.5 million of equity securities were held in Other Assets, \$0.1 million of money market and mutual funds were held in Other Assets for our deferred compensation plan, and \$24.4 million of fixed income funds and \$0.4 million of money market funds were held in Restricted Investments.

We maintain money market, mutual funds, bonds, and/or equity securities in our non-qualified deferred compensation plan, our wholly owned licensed captive insurance company, and assets held in financial institutions. These funds are valued at prices quoted in an active exchange market and are included in "Cash and Cash Equivalents", "Investments", "Other Assets", and "Restricted Investments". We have elected not to apply the fair value option under ASC 825, *Financial Instruments*, to any of our financial instruments except for those expressly required by U.S. GAAP.

In accordance with our investment policy, our wholly-owned captive, Ardellis Insurance Ltd. ("Ardellis"), maintains an investment portfolio, totaling \$66.7 million and \$59.2 million as of June 29, 2024 and December 30, 2023, respectively, which has been included in the aforementioned table of total investments. This portfolio consists of domestic and international equity securities, alternative investments, and fixed income bonds.

Ardellis' available for sale investment portfolio, including funds held with the State of Michigan, consists of the following (in thousands):

		June 29, 2024		December 30, 2023				
	Cost	Unrealized Cost Gain (Loss)		Cost	Unrealized Gain (Loss)	Fair Value		
Fixed income	\$ 31,067	\$ (1,460)	\$ 29,607	\$ 25,514	\$ (1,426)	\$ 24,088		
Treasury securities	344	—	344	344		344		
Equity	13,669	3,610	17,279	13,523	2,888	16,411		
Mutual funds	12,922	2,485	15,407	12,348	1,934	14,282		
Alternative investments	3,266	788	4,054	3,211	841	4,052		
Total	\$ 61,268	\$ 5,423	\$ 66,691	\$ 54,940	\$ 4,237	\$ 59,177		

Our fixed income investments consist of a blend of US Government and Agency bonds and investment grade corporate bonds with varying maturities. Our equity investments consist of small, mid, and large cap growth and value funds, as well as international equity. Our mutual fund investments consist of domestic and international stock. Our alternative investments consist of a private real estate income trust which is valued as a Level 3 asset. The net pre-tax unrealized gain of the portfolio was \$5.4 million and \$4.2 million as of June 29, 2024 and December 30, 2023, respectively. Carrying amounts above are recorded in the Investments and Restricted Investments line items within the balance sheet as of June 29, 2024 and December 30, 2023.

## C. REVENUE RECOGNITION

Within the three primary segments, UFP Retail Solutions ("Retail"), UFP Packaging ("Packaging") and UFP Construction ("Construction"), that the Company operates, there are a variety of written agreements governing the sale of our products and services. The transaction price is stated at the purchase order level, which includes shipping and/or freight costs and any applicable governmental authority taxes. The majority of our contracts have a single performance obligation concentrated around the delivery of goods to the carrier, Free On Board (FOB) shipping point. Therefore, revenue is recognized when this performance obligation is satisfied. Generally, title and control passes at the time of shipment. In certain circumstances, the customer takes title when the shipment arrives at the destination. However, our shipping process is typically completed the same day.

Certain customer products that we provide require installation by the Company or a third party. Installation revenue is recognized upon completion. If we use a third party for installation, the party will act as an agent to us until completion of the installation. Installation revenue represents an immaterial share of our total net sales.

We utilize rebates, credits, discounts and/or cash-based incentives with certain customers which are accounted for as variable consideration. We estimate these amounts based on the expected amount to be provided to customers and reduce revenues recognized. We believe that there will not be significant changes to our estimates of variable consideration. The allocation of these costs are applied at the invoice level and recognized in conjunction with revenue. Additionally, returns and refunds are estimated on a historical and expected basis which is a reduction of revenue recognized.

Earnings on construction contracts are reflected in operations using over time accounting, under either cost to cost or units of delivery methods, depending on the nature of the business at individual operations, which is in accordance with ASC 606 as revenue is recognized when certain performance obligations are performed. Under over time accounting using the cost to cost method, revenues and related earnings on construction contracts are measured by the relationships of actual costs incurred relative to the total estimated costs. Under over time accounting using the units of delivery method, revenues and related earnings on construction contracts are measured by the relationships of actual units produced relative to the total number of units. Revisions in earnings estimates on the construction contracts are recorded in the accounting period in which the basis for such revisions becomes known. Projected losses on individual contracts are charged to operations in their entirety when such losses become apparent.

Our construction contracts are generally entered into with a fixed price, and completion of the projects can range from 6 to 18 months in duration. Therefore, our operating results are impacted by, among many other things, labor rates and commodity costs. During the year, we update our estimated costs to complete our projects using current labor and commodity costs and recognize losses to the extent that they exist.

The following table presents our net sales disaggregated by revenue source (in thousands):

	Т	hree Months Ende	d	Six Months Ended					
	June 29,         July 1,           2024         2023         % Change		June 29,         July 1,           2024         2023			% Change			
Point in Time Revenue	\$ 1,857,264	\$ 2,006,319	(7.4)%	\$ 3,462,099	\$	3,790,775	(8.7)%		
Over Time Revenue	44,695	37,599	18.9%	78,826		75,619	4.2%		
Total Net Sales	1,901,959	2,043,918	(6.9)%	\$ 3,540,925	\$	3,866,394	(8.4)%		

The Construction segment comprises the construction contract revenue shown above. Construction contract revenue is primarily made up of site-built and framing customers.

The following table presents the balances of over time accounting accounts which are included in "Other current assets" and "Accrued liabilities: Other", respectively (in thousands):

	J	lune 29, 2024	Dee	cember 30, 2023	July 1, 2023
Cost and Earnings in Excess of Billings	\$	7,227	\$	3,572	\$ 3,266
Billings in Excess of Cost and Earnings		8,816		9,487	12,914

# D. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The computation of earnings per share ("EPS") is as follows (in thousands):

Three Months Ended			Six	s Ended		
	. )	July 1, 2023		- )	July 1, 2023	
\$ 125,	930 9	\$ 150,761	\$ 246,7	21	\$ 276,830	)
(4,	781)	(7,588)	(9,6	684)	(13,096	5)
\$ 121,	149 9	\$ 143,173	\$ 237,0	37	\$ 263,734	Ł
61,	668	62,786	61,8	17	62,756	5
(2,	633)	(3,160)	(2,7	(10)	(2,969	<i>)</i> )
59,	035	59,626	59,1	07	59,787	7
	124	918	1	06	885	;
59,	159	60,544	59,2	13	60,672	2
\$ 2	2.05 \$	\$ 2.40	\$ 4.	.01	\$ 4.41	L
\$ 2	2.05 \$	\$ 2.36	\$ 4.	.00	\$ 4.35	;
	June 202 \$ 125, (4, \$ 121, 61, (2, 59, \$ 59, \$ 2	June 29, 2024 \$ 125,930 (4,781) \$ 121,149 61,668 (2,633) 59,035 124 59,159	June 29, 2024         July 1, 2023           \$ 125,930         \$ 150,761           (4,781)         (7,588)           \$ 121,149         \$ 143,173           61,668         62,786           (2,633)         (3,160)           59,035         59,626           124         918           59,159         60,544           \$ 2.05         \$ 2.40	June 29, 2024         July 1, 2023         June 2 2024           \$ 125,930         \$ 150,761         \$ 246,7 $(4,781)$ $(7,588)$ $(9,6)$ \$ 121,149         \$ 143,173         \$ 237,0           61,668         62,786         61,8 $(2,633)$ $(3,160)$ $(2,7)$ 59,035         59,626         59,1           124         918         1           59,159 $60,544$ 59,2           \$ 2.05         \$ 2.40         \$ 4.5	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

## E. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND GUARANTEES

We are self-insured for environmental impairment liability, including certain liabilities which are insured through a wholly owned subsidiary, Ardellis Insurance Ltd., a licensed captive insurance company.

In addition, on June 29, 2024, we were parties either as plaintiff or defendant to a number of lawsuits and claims arising through the normal course of our business. In the opinion of management, our consolidated financial statements will not be materially affected by the outcome of these contingencies and claims.

On June 29, 2024, we had outstanding purchase commitments on commenced capital projects of approximately \$109.7 million.

We provide a variety of warranties for products we manufacture. Historically, warranty claims have not been material. We also distribute products manufactured by other companies. While we do not warrant these products, we have received claims as a distributor of these products when the manufacturer no longer exists or has the ability to pay. Historically, these costs have not had a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

As part of our operations, we supply building materials and labor to site-built construction projects or we jointly bid on contracts with framing companies for such projects. In some instances, we are required to post payment and performance bonds to ensure the products and installation services are completed in accordance with our contractual obligations. We have agreed to indemnify the surety for claims properly made against these bonds. As of June 29, 2024, we had approximately \$23.4 million in outstanding payment and performance bonds for open projects. We had approximately \$6.9 million in payment and performance bonds outstanding for completed projects which are still under warranty.

On June 29, 2024, we had outstanding letters of credit totaling \$43.8 million, primarily related to certain insurance contracts, industrial development revenue bonds, and other debt agreements described further below.

In lieu of cash deposits, we provide irrevocable letters of credit in favor of our insurers and other third parties to guarantee our performance under certain insurance contracts and other legal agreements. As of June 29, 2024, we have irrevocable letters of credit outstanding totaling approximately \$40.4 million for these types of arrangements. We have reserves recorded on our balance sheet, in accrued liabilities, that reflect our expected future liabilities under those insurance arrangements.

We are required to provide irrevocable letters of credit in favor of the bond trustees for all industrial development revenue bonds that have been issued. These letters of credit guarantee principal and interest payments to the bondholders. We currently have irrevocable letters of credit outstanding totaling approximately \$3.3 million related to our outstanding industrial development revenue bonds. These letters of credit have varying terms but may be renewed at the option of the issuing banks.

Certain wholly owned domestic subsidiaries have guaranteed the indebtedness of UFP Industries, Inc. in certain debt agreements, including the Series 2012, 2018 and 2020 Senior Notes and our revolving credit facility. The maximum exposure of these guarantees is limited to the indebtedness outstanding under these debt arrangements and this exposure will expire concurrent with the expiration of the debt agreements.

We did not enter into any new guarantee arrangements during the second quarter of 2024 which would require us to recognize a liability on our balance sheet.

#### F. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

We completed the following business combination since the end of the second quarter of 2023, which was accounted for using the purchase method. Dollars below are in thousands unless otherwise noted:

				Net	
Company	Acquisition		Intangible	Tangible	Operating
Name	Date	Purchase Price	Assets	Assets	Segment
	September 20, 2023	\$52,841 consideration for 80% stock purchase, net of acquired cash	\$ 43,785	\$ 9,056	International
Palets)	market leader in mach	tellón, Spain, UFP Palets (f ine-built wood pallets, serv 12-month sales of approxin	ring the region's la	rge ceramic tile i	ndustry. The

The purchase accounting valuation of the UFP Palets investment is yet to be finalized. In aggregate, investments completed since the end of the second quarter of 2023 and not consolidated with other operations contributed approximately \$10.7 million in net sales and \$1.2 million in operating losses during the first six months of 2024.

The business combination mentioned above was not significant to our operating results and thus pro forma results for 2024 and 2023 are not presented.

#### G. SEGMENT REPORTING

We operate manufacturing, treating and distribution facilities internationally, but primarily in the United States. Our business segments consist of UFP Retail Solutions, UFP Packaging and UFP Construction and align with the end markets we serve. This segment structure allows for a specialized and consistent sales approach among Company operations, efficient use of resources and capital, and quicker introduction of new products and services. We manage the operations of our individual locations primarily through a market-centered reporting structure under which each location is included in a business unit and business units are included in our Retail, Packaging, and Construction segments. In the case of locations that serve multiple segments, results are allocated and accounted for by segment.

The exception to this market-centered reporting and management structure is our International segment, which comprises our packaging operations in Mexico, Canada, Spain, India, and Australia and sales and buying offices in other parts of the world and our Ardellis segment, which represents our wholly owned fully licensed captive insurance company based in Bermuda. Our International and Ardellis segments do not meet the quantitative thresholds in order to be separately reported and accordingly, the International and Ardellis segments have been aggregated in the "All Other" segment for reporting purposes.

"Corporate" includes purchasing, transportation, corporate ventures, and administrative functions that serve our operating segments. Operating results of Corporate primarily consist of net sales to external customers initiated by UFP Purchasing and UFP Transportation and over (under) allocated costs. The operating results of UFP Real Estate, Inc., which owns and leases real estate, and UFP Transportation Ltd., which owns, leases and operates transportation equipment, are also included in the Corporate column. Inter-company lease and service charges are assessed to our operating segments for the use of these assets and services at fair market value rates. Total assets in the Corporate column include unallocated cash and cash equivalents, certain prepaid assets, certain property, equipment and other assets pertaining to the centralized activities of Corporate, UFP Real Estate, Inc., UFP Transportation, Inc., UFP Purchasing, Inc., and UFP RMS, LLC. The tables below are presented in thousands:

		Three Months Ended June 29, 2024								
	Retail	Packaging	Construction	All Other	Corporate	Total				
Net sales to outside customers	\$ 809,067	\$ 435,204	\$ 574,547	\$ 81,470	\$ 1,671	\$ 1,901,959				
Intersegment net sales	70,102	26,275	18,797	80,055	(195,229)	_				
Earnings from operations	59,783	29,516	52,011	7,496	10,228	159,034				

	Three Months Ended July 1, 2023								
	Retail	Packaging	Construction	All Other	Corporate	Total			
Net sales to outside customers	\$ 938,630	\$ 488,100	\$ 550,464	\$ 67,592	\$ (868)	\$ 2,043,918			
Intersegment net sales	198,518	20,976	23,554	75,480	(318,528)	—			
Earnings from operations	60,211	56,864	61,959	6,786	7,677	193,497			

Note: As of December 31, 2023, our Pinelli Universal entity was transferred to our Retail segment from our International segment (grouped in All Other) due to changes in our management structure. Prior year figures have been updated to reflect the change for comparability purposes in every applicable table in this filing.

		Six Months Ended June 29, 2024							
	Retail	Packaging	Construction	All Other	Corporate	Total			
Net sales to outside customers	\$ 1,437,832	\$ 859,622	\$ 1,092,443	\$ 148,417	\$ 2,611	\$ 3,540,925			
Intersegment net sales	129,448	47,201	38,832	151,312	(366,793)	—			
Earnings from operations	105,763	60,762	97,353	11,369	17,610	292,857			

			Six Months End	ded July 1, 2023		
	Retail	Packaging	Construction	All Other	Corporate	Total
Net sales to outside customers	\$ 1,699,924	\$ 974,661	\$ 1,066,057	\$ 123,387	\$ 2,365	\$ 3,866,394
Intersegment net sales	421,843	41,026	49,390	152,967	(665,226)	—
Earnings from operations	100,469	111,596	116,207	11,618	15,315	355,205

The following table presents goodwill by segment as of June 29, 2024, and December 30, 2023 (in thousands):

	Retail	Packaging	Co	onstruction	All Other	Corporate	Total
Balance as of December 30, 2023	\$ 84,204	\$ 141,042	\$	87,805	\$ 23,262	\$ _	\$ 336,313
Foreign Exchange, Net	(44)			(170)	(651)		(865)
Balance as of June 29, 2024	\$ 84,160	\$ 141,042	\$	87,635	\$ 22,611	\$ _	\$ 335,448

	 Total Assets by Segment				
Segment Classification	June 29, 2024	De	cember 30, 2023	% Change	
Retail	\$ 916,574	\$	828,798	10.6 %	
Packaging	802,204		798,623	0.4	
Construction	666,622		621,762	7.2	
All Other	337,962		316,481	6.8	
Corporate	 1,415,132	1	1,452,133	(2.5)	
Total Assets	\$ 4,138,494	\$ 4	4,017,797	3.0 %	

The following table presents total assets by segment as of June 29, 2024, and December 30, 2023 (in thousands).

The following table presents our disaggregated net sales (in thousands) by business unit for each segment for the three and six months ended June 29, 2024, and July 1, 2023 (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			
		June 29, 2024		July 1, 2023		June 29, 2024		July 1, 2023
Retail								
Deckorators	\$	99,706	\$	103,656	\$	173,841	\$	181,119
ProWood		668,275		794,287		1,194,236		1,445,287
UFP Edge		38,009		40,216		65,293		72,768
Other		3,077		471		4,462		750
Total Retail	\$	809,067	\$	938,630	\$	1,437,832	\$	1,699,924
Packaging								
Structural Packaging	\$	280,102	\$	330,510	\$	554,252	\$	658,760
PalletOne		136,911		136,937		269,401		274,507
Protective Packaging		18,191		20,653	_	35,969		41,394
Total Packaging	\$	435,204	\$	488,100	\$	859,622	\$	974,661
Construction								
Factory Built	\$	225,242	\$	180,024	\$	417,076	\$	347,637
Site Built		238,547		248,445		460,106		469,562
Commercial		66,347		66,320		127,731		138,665
Concrete Forming		44,411		55,675		87,530	_	110,193
Total Construction	\$	574,547	\$	550,464	\$	1,092,443	\$	1,066,057
All Other	\$	81,470	\$	67,592	\$	148,417	\$	123,387
Corporate	\$	1,671	\$	(868)	\$	2,611	\$	2,365
Total Net Sales	\$	1,901,959	\$	2,043,918	\$	3,540,925	\$	3,866,394

# H. INCOME TAXES

Effective tax rates differ from statutory federal income tax rates, primarily due to provisions for foreign, state and local income taxes and permanent tax differences. Our effective tax rate was 25.1% in the second quarter of 2024 compared to 23.7% in the same period of 2023 and was 21.5% in the first six months of 2024 compared to 23.7% for the same period in 2023. The increase in our effective tax rate for the second quarter was primarily due to the impact of certain compensation expense which is not deductible. The decrease in our effective tax rate for the first six months of 2024 was primarily due to an increase in our tax deduction from stock-based compensation accounted for as a permanent difference.

# I. COMMON STOCK

Below is a summary of common stock issuances for the first six months of 2024 and 2023 (in thousands, except average share price):

	June	29, 2	024
Share Issuance Activity	Common Stock		Average Share Price
Shares issued under the employee stock purchase plan	15	\$	116.64
Shares issued under the employee stock gift program	1		117.80
Shares issued under the director compensation plan	1		114.61
Shares issued under the LTSIP	352		113.49
Shares issued under the executive stock match plan	64		111.35
Forfeitures	(20)		
Total shares issued under stock grant programs	398	\$	113.14
Shares issued under the deferred compensation plans	87	\$	112.29

During the first six months of 2024, we repurchased 1,202,527 shares of our common stock at an average share price of \$114.09.

	July	1, 20	23
Share Issuance Activity	Common Stock		Average Share Price
Shares issued under the employee stock purchase plan	19	\$	87.86
Shares issued under the employee stock gift program	1		86.88
Shares issued under the director retainer stock program	2		87.02
Shares issued under the LTSIP	756		86.14
Shares issued under the executive stock grants plan	75		85.89
Forfeitures	(10)		
Total shares issued under stock grant programs	824	\$	86.12
Shares issued under the deferred compensation plans	105	\$	85.16

During the first six months of 2023, we repurchased approximately 700,597 shares of our common stock at an average share price of \$79.20.

# J. INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The cost of inventories includes raw materials, direct labor, and manufacturing overhead and is determined using the weighted average cost method. Raw materials consist primarily of unfinished wood products and other materials expected to be manufactured or treated prior to sale, while finished goods represent various manufactured and treated wood products ready for sale.

We write down the value of inventory, the impact of which is reflected in cost of goods sold in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings and Comprehensive Income, if the cost of specific inventory items on hand exceeds the amount we expect to realize from the ultimate sale or disposal of the inventory. These estimates are based on management's judgment regarding future demand and market conditions and analysis of historical experience. There was no lower of cost or net realizable value adjustment to inventory as of June 29, 2024 and a \$0.8 million adjustment as of July 1, 2023.

#### K. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to our reporting date, we repurchased 197,417 shares for \$21.8 million, at an average share price of \$110.22.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

UFP Industries, Inc. is a holding company with subsidiaries in North America, Europe, Asia, and Australia that design, manufacture, and supply products made from wood, wood and non-wood composites, and other materials to three segments: retail, packaging, and construction. Our business segments are functionally interdependent and are supported by common corporate services, such as accounting and finance, information technology, human resources, marketing, purchasing, transportation, legal and compliance, among others. We regularly invest in automation and implement best practices to improve the efficiency of our manufacturing facilities across each of the segments. The results and improvements from these investments are shared among the segments. This exchange of ideas drives faster innovation for new products, processes, and product improvements. While the majority of our facilities serve only one business segment, many of our larger facilities serve two or more segments.

We believe that our operating structure allows us to better evaluate market conditions and opportunities and more effectively allocate capital and resources to the appropriate segments and business units. Also, we believe our diversification and manner in which we operate our business provide an inherent hedge against the business cycles our end markets experience and over which we have limited control. Accordingly, we have the ability to provide more stable earnings and cash flows to our shareholders. Our diversification and operating practices also mitigate the impact that more volatile lumber market conditions have on traditional lumber companies. We are headquartered in Grand Rapids, Mich. For more information about UFP Industries, Inc., or its affiliated operations, go to www.ufpi.com.

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended, that are based on management's beliefs, assumptions, current expectations, estimates and projections about the markets we serve, the economy and the Company itself. Words like "anticipates," "confident," "estimates," "expects," "forecasts," "likely," "plans," "projects," "should," variations of such words, and similar expressions identify such forward-looking statements. These statements do not guarantee future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict with regard to timing, extent, likelihood and degree of occurrence. We do not undertake to update forward-looking statements to reflect facts, circumstances, events, or assumptions that occur after the date the forward-looking statements are made. Actual results could differ materially from those included in such forward-looking statements. Investors are cautioned that all forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainty. Among the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from forward-looking statements are the following: fluctuations in currency and inflation; fluctuations in the price of lumber; adverse economic conditions in the markets we serve; concentration of sales to customers; vertical integration strategies; excess capacity or supply chain challenges; our ability to make successful business acquisitions; government regulations, particularly involving environmental and safety regulations; adverse or unusual weather conditions; inbound and outbound transportation costs; alternatives to replace treated wood products; cybersecurity breaches; tariffs on import and export sales; and potential pandemics. Certain of these risk factors as well as other risk factors and additional information are included in our reports on Form 10-K and 10-Q on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We are pleased to present this overview of the second quarter of 2024.

## **OVERVIEW**

Our results for the second quarter of 2024 include the following highlights:

• Our net sales decreased 7% compared to the second quarter of 2023, which was comprised of a 6% decrease in selling prices and a 1% decrease in unit sales. The overall decrease in our selling prices is primarily due to lower lumber prices and a more competitive pricing environment in certain of our business units. Unit sales declines consisted of 7% in our retail segment and 3% in our packaging segment, offset by an 8% increase in our construction segment.

- Our gross profits decreased by \$37 million, or 9.3%, compared to the same period of the prior year. By segment, gross profits decreased by \$35 million in Packaging and \$12 million in Construction, while Retail experienced a \$4 million increase in gross profits. The overall decrease in our gross profits is primarily due to the decline in unit sales and unfavorable cost variances resulting from fixed manufacturing costs, and more competitive pricing in certain business units.
- Our operating profits decreased \$34 million, or 17.8%, compared to the second quarter of 2023. The overall decrease is a result of the decline in gross profits mentioned above offset by a decrease in selling, general, and administrative ("SG&A") expenses. Our SG&A declined primarily due to our incentive compensation plans which are tied to profitability and return on investment. Our decremental operating margin was 24.3%, which is calculated by dividing our decrease in operating profits by our decrease in net sales. In other words, for every dollar decrease in sales from the second quarter of 2023 to the second quarter of 2024, our operating profits decreased 24.3 cents. The decremental operating margin provides investors additional visibility into expected operating profits during periods of declining sales and pricing. In a declining business cycle, the Company's management uses this metric to evaluate a change in its profitability resulting from a reduction in sales volume while considering the impact of product pricing changes, changes in product sales mix, its ratio of variable and fixed costs, and anticipated cost saving measures, among other factors.
- Our cash flows from operations was \$239 million in the first six months of 2024 compared to \$321 million during the first six months of 2023. The \$82 million decline is primarily due to an increase in our investment in net working capital since year end, which was \$64 million higher in 2024 compared to 2023.
- Our Cash and cash equivalents at the end of June 2024 was \$1.0 billion compared to \$702 million at the end of June 2023. Our unused borrowing capacity under revolving credit facilities and a shelf agreement with certain lenders along with our cash resulted in total liquidity of approximately \$2.3 billion at the end of the second quarter of 2024.

## HISTORICAL LUMBER PRICES

We experience significant fluctuations in the cost of commodity lumber products from primary producers ("Lumber Market"). The following table presents the Random Lengths framing lumber composite price:

	Random Lengths Compos Average \$/MBF				
		2024		2023	
January	\$	398	\$	386	
February		389		437	
March		416		411	
April		403		420	
May		377		400	
June		382		398	
Second quarter average	\$	387	\$	406	
Year-to-date average	\$	394	\$	409	
Second quarter percentage change		(4.7)%	0		
Year-to-date percentage change		(3.7)%	6		

In addition, a Southern Yellow Pine ("SYP") composite price, which we prepare and use, is presented below. Our purchases of this species comprise almost two-thirds of our total lumber purchases.

	 Southern Yellow Pine Average \$/MBF			
	2024		2023	
January	\$ 380	\$	406	
February	371		452	
March	394		464	
April	371		474	
May	353		437	
June	355		427	
Second quarter average	\$ 360	\$	446	
Year-to-date average	\$ 371	\$	443	
Second quarter percentage change	(19.3)%	6		
Year-to-date percentage change	(16.3)%	6		

Lower overall lumber prices in 2024 compared to 2023 is primarily due to increased supply of SYP lumber in the U.S. while end market demand has remained soft. A change in lumber prices impacts profitability of products sold with fixed and variable prices, as discussed below.

## IMPACT OF THE LUMBER MARKET ON OUR OPERATING RESULTS

We generally price our products to pass lumber costs through to our customers so that our profitability is based on the value-added manufacturing, distribution, engineering, and other services we provide. As a result, our dollar sales levels (and working capital requirements) are impacted by the lumber costs of our products. Lumber costs were 38.9% and 39.0% of our sales in the first six months of 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Our gross margins are impacted by (1) the relative level of the Lumber Market (i.e. whether prices are higher or lower from comparative periods), and (2) the trend in the market price of lumber (i.e. whether the price of lumber is increasing or decreasing within a period or from period to period). Additionally, as explained below, product categories can be priced differently. Some of our products have fixed selling prices, while the selling prices of other products are indexed to the reported Lumber Market with a fixed dollar adder to cover conversion costs and profits. Consequently, the level and trend of the Lumber Market impact our products differently.

Below is a general description of the primary ways in which our products are priced.

• <u>Products with fixed selling prices.</u> These products include value-added products, such as manufactured items, sold within all segments. Prices for these products are generally fixed at the time of the sales quotation for a specified period of time. In order to reduce any exposure to adverse trends in the price of component lumber products, we attempt to lock in costs with our suppliers or purchase necessary inventory for these sales commitments. The time period limitation eventually allows us to periodically re-price our products for changes in lumber costs from our suppliers.

• <u>Products with selling prices indexed to the reported Lumber Market with a fixed dollar "adder" to cover conversion costs and profit.</u> These products primarily include treated lumber, panel goods, other commodity-type items, and trusses sold to the manufactured housing industry. For these products, we estimate customers' needs and carry appropriate levels of inventory. Because lumber costs are incurred in advance of final sale prices, subsequent increases or decreases in the market price of lumber impact our gross margins. We believe our sales of these products are at their highest relative level in our second quarter, primarily due to pressure-treated lumber sold in our retail segment.

For each of the product pricing categories above, our margins are exposed to changes in the trend of lumber prices. As a result of the balance in our net sales to each of our end markets, we believe our gross profits are more stable than those of our competitors who are less diversified.

The greatest risk associated with changes in the trend of lumber prices is on the following products:

- Products with significant inventory levels with low turnover rates, whose selling prices are indexed to the Lumber Market. In other words, the longer the period of time these products remain in inventory, the greater the exposure to changes in the price of lumber. This includes treated lumber, which comprised approximately 22% of our total net sales in the first six months of 2024. This exposure is less significant with remanufactured lumber, panel goods, other commodity-type items, and trusses sold to the manufactured housing market due to the higher rate of inventory turnover. We attempt to mitigate the risk associated with treated lumber through managed inventory programs with our vendors. We estimate that 19% of our total purchases for the first six months of 2024 were transacted under these programs. (*Please refer to the "Risk Factors" section of our annual report on form 10-K, filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.*)
- <u>Products with fixed selling prices sold under long-term supply arrangements, particularly those involving multi-family construction projects.</u> We attempt to mitigate this risk through our purchasing practices and longer vendor commitments.

In addition to the impact of Lumber Market trends on gross margins, changes in the level of the market cause fluctuations in gross margins when comparing operating results from period to period. This is explained in the following example, which assumes the price of lumber has increased from period one to period two, with no changes in the trend within each period.

	Pe	riod 1	Pe	eriod 2
Lumber cost	\$	300	\$	400
Conversion cost		50		50
= Product cost		350		450
Adder		50		50
= Sell price	\$	400	\$	500
Gross margin		12.5 %	, D	10.0 %

As is apparent from the preceding example, the level of lumber prices does not impact our overall profits but does impact our margins. Gross margins and operating margins are negatively impacted during periods of high lumber prices; conversely, we experience margin improvement when lumber prices are relatively low.

## **BUSINESS COMBINATIONS AND ASSET PURCHASES**

We completed one business acquisition in fiscal 2023. The annual historical sales attributable to this acquisition is approximately \$38 million. This business combination was not significant to our quarterly results individually or in aggregate and thus pro forma results for 2024 and 2023 are not presented.

See Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, Note F, "Business Combinations" for additional information.

## **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, the components of our Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings as a percentage of net sales.

	Three Months Ende		Six Montl	hs Ended
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023
Net sales	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Cost of goods sold	80.9	80.4	80.5	80.4
Gross profit	19.1	19.6	19.5	19.6
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	10.7	10.0	11.2	10.3
Other losses (gains), net		0.1	—	0.1
Earnings from operations	8.4	9.5	8.3	9.2
Other (income) expense, net	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.6)	(0.2)
Earnings before income taxes	8.9	9.7	8.9	9.4
Income taxes	2.2	2.3	1.9	2.2
Net earnings	6.6	7.4	7.0	7.1
Less net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest				
Net earnings attributable to controlling interest	6.6 %	7.4 %	7.0 %	7.2 %

Note: Actual percentages are calculated and may not sum to total due to rounding.

As a result of the impact of the level of lumber prices on the percentages displayed in the table above (see Impact of the Lumber Market on Our Operating Results), we believe it is useful to compare our change in units sold with our change in gross profits, selling, general, and administrative expenses, and operating profits as presented in the following table.

	Percentage Change						
	Three Mon	ths Ended	Six Month	s Ended			
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023			
Units sold	(1.0)%	(8.0)%	(1.0)%	(9.0)%			
Gross profit	(9.3)	(20.5)	(9.2)	(22.8)			
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	(0.8)	(4.6)	(1.0)	(8.1)			
Earnings from operations	(17.8)	(32.2)	(17.6)	(34.8)			

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, our selling, general, and administrative (SG&A) costs as a percentage of gross profit. We believe this ratio provides an enhanced view of our effectiveness in managing these costs given our strategies to enhance our capabilities and improve our value-added product offering and recognizing the higher relative level of SG&A these strategies require. This ratio also mitigates the impact of changing lumber prices. The increase in the ratio of SG&A as a percentage of gross profit from the prior year is attributable to SG&A costs within our Packaging, Construction, and Corporate segments.

	 Three Mo	nths I	Ended	Six Months Ended				
	June 29, 2024		July 1, 2023		June 29, 2024		July 1, 2023	
Gross profit	\$ 362,743	\$	400,067	\$	688,821	\$	758,396	
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	\$ 203,155	\$	204,703	\$	395,214	\$	399,386	
SG&A as percentage of gross profit	56.0%		51.2%		57.4%		52.7%	

# **Operating Results by Segment:**

Our business segments consist of UFP Retail Solutions ("Retail"), UFP Packaging ("Packaging") and UFP Construction ("Construction"), and align with the end markets we serve. Among other advantages, this structure allows for a more specialized and consistent sales approach, more efficient use of resources and capital, and quicker introduction of new products and services. We manage the operations of our individual locations primarily through a market-centered reporting structure under which each location is included in a business unit, and business units are included in our Retail, Packaging, and Construction segments. The exception to this market-centered reporting and management structure is our International segment, which comprises our packaging operations in Mexico, Canada, Spain, India, and Australia and sales and buying offices in other parts of the world. Our International segment and Ardellis (our insurance captive) are included in the "All Other" column of the table below. The "Corporate" column includes purchasing, transportation, corporate ventures, and administrative functions that serve our operating segments. Operating results of Corporate primarily consists of over (under) allocated costs. The operating results of UFP Real Estate, Inc., which owns and leases real estate, and UFP Transportation Ltd., which owns, leases, and operates transportation equipment, are also included in the Corporate column. Inter-company lease and services charges are assessed to our operating segments for the use of these assets and services at fair market value rates.

The following tables present our operating results, for the periods indicated, by segment (in thousands).

	 Three Months Ended June 29, 2024										
	 Retail	1	Packaging	С	onstruction		All Other	(	Corporate		Total
Net sales	\$ 809,067	\$	435,204	\$	574,547	\$	81,470	\$	1,671	\$	1,901,959
Cost of goods sold	 682,307		351,518		448,992		61,564		(5,165)		1,539,216
Gross profit	126,760	_	83,686		125,555		19,906	-	6,836		362,743
Selling, general,											
administrative expenses	65,291		52,996		73,307		14,576		(3,015)		203,155
Other	 1,686		1,174		237		(2,166)		(377)		554
Earnings from operations	\$ 59,783	\$	29,516	\$	52,011	\$	7,496	\$	10,228	\$	159,034

	 Three Months Ended July 1, 2023										
	 Retail	1	Packaging	С	onstruction		All Other		orporate		Total
Net sales	\$ 938,630	\$	488,100	\$	550,464	\$	67,592	\$	(868)	\$	2,043,918
Cost of goods sold	 815,808		369,865		413,260		47,337		(2,419)		1,643,851
Gross profit	122,822		118,235		137,204		20,255		1,551		400,067
Selling, general,											
administrative expenses	61,699		61,377		74,083		13,099		(5,555)		204,703
Other	 912		(6)		1,162		370		(571)		1,867
Earnings from operations	\$ 60,211	\$	56,864	\$	61,959	\$	6,786	\$	7,677	\$	193,497

	Six Months Ended June 29, 2024										
	Retail	Packaging	Construction	All Other	Corporate	Total					
Net sales	\$ 1,437,832	\$ 859,622	\$ 1,092,443	\$ 148,417	\$ 2,611	\$ 3,540,925					
Cost of goods sold	1,209,948	690,496	852,553	110,566	(11,459)	2,852,104					
Gross profit	227,884	169,126	239,890	37,851	14,070	688,821					
Selling, general,											
administrative expenses	120,901	106,937	142,457	27,967	(3,048)	395,214					
Other	1,220	1,427	80	(1,485)	(492)	750					
Earnings from operations	\$ 105,763	\$ 60,762	\$ 97,353	\$ 11,369	\$ 17,610	\$ 292,857					

	Six Months Ended July 1, 2023										
	Retail		Packaging	С	onstruction		All Other	C	orporate		Total
Net sales	\$ 1,699,924	\$	974,661	\$	1,066,057	\$	123,387	\$	2,365	\$	3,866,394
Cost of goods sold	1,481,798		735,528		807,194		84,362		(884)		3,107,998
Gross profit	218,126		239,133		258,863		39,025		3,249		758,396
Selling, general,											
administrative expenses	115,612		127,629		141,421		26,063		(11,339)		399,386
Other	2,045		(92)		1,235		1,344		(727)		3,805
Earnings from operations	\$ 100,469	\$	111,596	\$	116,207	\$	11,618	\$	15,315	\$	355,205

The following tables present the components of our operating results, for the periods indicated, as a percentage of net sales by segment.

		]	Three Months Ende	d June 29, 2024		
	Retail	Packaging	Construction	All Other	Corporate	Total
Net sales	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	N/A	100.0 %
Cost of goods sold	84.3	80.8	78.1	75.6		80.9
Gross profit	15.7	19.2	21.9	24.4		19.1
Selling, general,						
administrative expenses	8.1	12.2	12.8	17.9		10.7
Other				(2.7)		
Earnings from operations	7.4 %	6.8 %	9.1 %	9.2 %	_	8.4 %

Note: Actual percentages are calculated and may not sum to total due to rounding.

		Three Months Ended July 1, 2023										
	Retail	Packaging	Construction	All Other	Corporate	Total						
Net sales	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	N/A	100.0 %						
Cost of goods sold	86.9	75.8	75.1	70.0		80.4						
Gross profit	13.1	24.2	24.9	30.0		19.6						
Selling, general,		10 (	12.5	10.4		10.0						
administrative expenses	6.6	12.6	13.5	19.4	_	10.0						
Other				0.5		0.1						
Earnings from operations	6.4 %	11.7 %	11.3 %	10.0 %	—	9.5 %						

Note: Actual percentages are calculated and may not sum to total due to rounding.

	Six Months Ended June 29, 2024									
	Retail	Packaging	Construction	All Other	Corporate	Total				
Net sales	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	N/A	100.0 %				
Cost of goods sold	84.2	80.3	78.0	74.5		80.5				
Gross profit	15.8	19.7	22.0	25.5		19.5				
Selling, general,										
administrative expenses	8.4	12.4	13.0	18.8		11.2				
Other			0.0	(1.0)						
Earnings from operations	7.4 %	7.1 %	8.9 %	7.7 %	_	8.3 %				

Note: Actual percentages are calculated and may not sum to total due to rounding.

	Retail	Packaging	Construction	All Other	Corporate	Total
Net sales	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	N/A	100.0 %
Cost of goods sold	87.2	75.5	75.7	68.4	—	80.4
Gross profit	12.8	24.5	24.3	31.6		19.6
Selling, general,						
administrative expenses	6.8	13.1	13.3	21.1		10.3
Other			—	1.1	—	0.1
Earnings from operations	5.9 %	11.4 %	10.9 %	9.4 %	_	9.2 %

Note: Actual percentages are calculated and may not sum to total due to rounding.

## NET SALES

We design, manufacture and market wood and wood-alternative products, primarily used to enhance outdoor living environments; for national home centers and other retailers; for engineered wood components, structural lumber, and other products for factory-built and site-built residential and commercial construction; customized interior fixtures used in a variety of retail stores, commercial, and other structures; and structural wood packaging, components and packing materials for various industries. Our strategic long-term sales objectives include:

• <u>Maximizing unit sales growth while achieving return on investment goals.</u> The following table presents estimates, for the periods indicated, of our percentage change in net sales attributable to changes in overall selling prices versus changes in units shipped.

	% Change					
	in Sales	in Selling Prices	in Units	Acquisition Unit Change	Organic Unit Change	
Second quarter 2024 versus Second quarter 2023	(6.9)%	(5.9)%	(1.0)%	%	(1.0)%	
Year-to-date 2024 versus Year-to-date 2023	(8.4)%	(7.4)%	(1.0)%	<u>         %</u>	(1.0)%	

• Expanding geographically in our core businesses, domestically and internationally.

Increasing our sales of "value-added" products and enhancing our product offering with new or improved products. Value-added products generally consist of fencing, decking, lattice, and other specialty products sold in the Retail segment; structural and protective packaging and machine-built pallets sold in the Packaging segment; engineered wood components, customized interior fixtures, manufactured and assembled concrete forms sold in the Construction segment; and "wood alternative" products. Engineered wood components include roof trusses, wall panels, and floor systems. Wood alternative products consist of products manufactured with wood and non-wood composites, metals and plastics sold in each of our segments. Although we consider the treatment of dimensional lumber and panels with certain chemical preservatives a value-added process, treated lumber is not presently included in the value-added sales totals. Remanufactured lumber and panels that are components of finished goods are also generally categorized as "commodity-based" products. We estimate that approximately 81% of our sales consist of products we manufacture at our locations, while 19% of our sales consist of products manufactured by suppliers that we inventory and distribute to customers.

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, our percentage of value-added and commodity-based sales to total sales by our segments:

	Three Months E	nded June 29, 2024	Three Months Ended July 1, 2023		
	Value-Added	Commodity-Based	Value-Added	<b>Commodity-Based</b>	
Retail	54.7 %	45.3 %	52.3 %	47.7 %	
Packaging	75.2 %	24.8 %	77.5 %	22.5 %	
Construction	80.9 %	19.1 %	83.8 %	16.2 %	
All Other	75.8 %	24.2 %	76.7 %	23.3 %	
Corporate	48.0 %	52.0 %	100.0 %	— %	
Total Sales	68.1 %	31.9 %	67.4 %	32.6 %	

	Six Months End	ded June 29, 2024	Six Months Ended July 1, 2023		
	Value-Added	Value-Added Commodity-Based Value-Adde		Commodity-Based	
Retail	53.5 %	46.5 %	51.7 %	48.3 %	
Packaging	75.5 %	24.5 %	77.3 %	22.7 %	
Construction	81.5 %	18.5 %	83.5 %	16.5 %	
All Other	76.6 %	23.4 %	75.1 %	24.9 %	
Corporate	60.3 %	39.7 %	24.5 %	75.5 %	
Total Sales	68.3 %	31.7 %	67.5 %	32.5 %	

Note: Certain prior year product reclassifications and the change in designation of certain products as "value-added" resulted in a change in prior year's sales.

Our overall unit sales of value-added products were flat in the second quarter and first six months of 2024 compared to 2023. Our overall unit sales of commodity-based products decreased approximately 2% in the second quarter and approximately 4% in the first six months of 2024 compared to the same period last year.

• <u>Developing new products.</u> We define new products as those that will generate sales of at least \$1 million per year within 4 years of launch and are still growing and gaining market penetration and meet our internal definition of value-added products. New product sales in the second quarter and first six months of 2024 decreased 12% and 10% respectively, primarily due to a decline in unit sales in our structural packaging business unit. Approximately \$96.9 million of new product sales for the first six months of 2023, while still sold, were sunset in 2024 and excluded from the table below because they no longer meet the definition above. Our short-term goal is to achieve annual new product sales of at least \$510 million in 2024. For the first six months of 2024, new product sales totaled \$260 million. Our long-term goal is for new products to comprise at least 10% of our total net sales.

The table below presents new product sales in thousands:

	New Product Sales by Segment							
		Thr	ee Months Ended					
	June 29, 2024	% of Segment Net Sales	July 1, 2023	% of Segment Net Sales	% Change in Sales			
Retail	\$ 64,285	7.9 %	66,846	7.1 %	(3.8)%			
Packaging	45,623	10.5 %	68,090	14.0 %	(33.0)%			
Construction	22,646	3.9 %	16,869	3.1 %	34.2 %			
All Other and Corporate	 1,019	1.2 %	186	0.3 %	447.8 %			
Total New Product Sales	 133,573	7.0 %	151,991	7.4 %	(12.1)%			

Note: Certain prior year product reclassifications and the change in designation of certain products as "new" resulted in a change in prior year's sales.

	 New Product Sales by Segment						
	Six Months Ended						
	June 29, 2024	% of Segment Net Sales		July 1, 2023	% of Segment Net Sales	% Change in Sales	
Retail	\$ 116,155	8.1 %	\$	118,399	7.0 %	(1.9)%	
Packaging	97,839	11.4 %		133,392	13.7 %	(26.7)%	
Construction	43,863	4.0 %		35,512	3.3 %	23.5 %	
All Other and Corporate	 1,678	1.1 %		225	0.2 %	645.8 %	
Total New Product Sales	259,535	7.3 %		287,528	7.4 %	(9.7)%	

Note: Certain prior year product reclassifications and the change in designation of certain products as "new" resulted in a change in prior year's sales.

#### **Retail Segment**

Net sales in the second quarter of 2024 decreased by 14% compared to the same period of 2023 due to a 7% decline in selling prices, a 2% decrease due to the transfer of certain sales to the Construction and Packaging segments, and a 5% decline in units. Unit changes within this segment consisted of decreases of 2% in Deckorators, 4% in UFP Edge, and 6% in ProWood. Our selling prices of variable-priced products declined due to lower lumber prices. The selling prices of these products are indexed to the lumber market at the time they are shipped. Additionally, our unit sales to big box customers, which we believe are more closely correlated with repair and remodel activity, decreased approximately 5%, while unit sales to independent retailers, which we believe are more closely correlated to new housing starts, increased approximately 1%. Within our Deckorators business unit, our sales of wood-plastic composite decking, mineral-based-composite decking (sold under our new Surestone tradename) and railing systems increased 5%.

Gross profits increased by \$3.9 million, or 3.2% to \$126.8 million for the second quarter of 2024 compared to the same period last year. The increase in gross profit was attributable to the following:

- The gross profit of our ProWood business unit increased by \$1.7 million, in spite of the transfer of certain sales to the Construction and Packaging segments and a sequential decline in lumber prices during the quarter. The products sold by this business unit consist primarily of pressure treated lumber sold at a variable price indexed to the lumber market at the time they are shipped. The improvement in profitability is primarily due to better inventory management, SKU rationalization, and various operational improvements.
- The gross profit of our Deckorators business unit increased by \$1.5 million due to operational improvements.
- The gross profit of our UFP Edge business unit increased by \$0.8 million, in spite of the transfer of certain sales to the Construction segment. The increase is also primarily due to operational improvements.

SG&A increased by approximately \$3.6 million, or 5.8%, in the second quarter of 2024 compared to the same period of 2023. Accrued bonus expense, which varies with the overall profitability of the segment and return on investment, increased approximately \$3.2 million from the second quarter of 2023 and totaled approximately \$18.7 million for the quarter. Modest increases in salaries, wages, and benefits were offset by decreases in sales incentive compensation and travel related expenses.

Earnings from operations for the Retail reportable segment decreased in the second quarter of 2024 compared to 2023 by \$0.4 million, or 1.0%, as a result of the factors mentioned above.

Net sales in the first six months of 2024 decreased by 15% compared to the same period of 2023, due to a 6% decrease in selling prices, a 2% decrease due to the transfer of certain sales to the Construction and Packaging segments, and a 7% decline in units. Our selling prices of variable-priced products declined due to lower lumber prices. The selling prices of these products are indexed to the lumber market at the time they are shipped. Additionally, unit sales to big box customers decreased approximately 7%, while unit sales to independent retailers decreased approximately 8%. Within our Deckorators business unit, our sales of wood-plastic composite decking, mineral-based-composite decking and railing systems increased 7%.

Gross profits increased by \$9.8 million, or 4.5% to \$227.9 million for the first six months of 2024 compared to the same period last year. Our increase in gross profit was attributable to the following:

- The gross profits of our ProWood business unit increased \$8.2 million in spite of the transfer of certain sales to the Construction and Packaging segments and a sequential decline in lumber prices in the second quarter. The products sold by this unit consists primarily of pressure treated lumber sold at a variable price indexed to the lumber market at the time they are shipped. The improvement in profitability is primarily due to better inventory management, SKU rationalization, and various operational improvements.
- The gross profit of our Deckorators business unit increased by \$3.3 million due to operational improvements.
- The gross profit of our UFP Edge business unit increased by \$1.8 million in spite of the transfer of certain sales to the Construction segment. The increase is also primarily due to operational improvements.

SG&A increased by approximately \$5.3 million, or 4.6%, in the first six months of 2024 compared to the same period of 2023. Accrued bonus expense, which varies with the overall profitability of the segment and return on investment, increased approximately \$5.8 million and totaled approximately \$32.7 million for the first six months of 2024. Modest increases in salaries, wages, and benefits were offset by decreases in sales incentive compensation and travel related expenses.

Earnings from operations for the Retail reportable segment increased in the first six months of 2024 compared to 2023 by \$5.3 million, or 5.3%, as a result of the factors mentioned above.

## Packaging Segment

Net sales in the second quarter of 2024 decreased 11% compared to the same period of 2023, due to an 8% decrease in selling prices and a 6% decrease in unit sales, partially offset by a 3% increase due to the transfer of sales from the Retail segment. Unit changes consist of decreases of 12% in structural packaging and 11% in protective packaging, primarily due to a decline in demand. These declines were partially offset by 10% unit growth in PalletOne, which sells machine-built pallets, due to market share gains. The decline in prices is due to competitive price pressure as well as lower lumber costs.

Gross profits decreased by \$34.6 million, or 29.2%, for the second quarter of 2024 compared to the same period last year. The decrease in gross profit was attributable to the following:

- The gross profit of our structural packaging business unit decreased by a total of \$25.0 million, in spite of the transfer of certain sales from the Retail segment. The decline in gross profit is attributable to competitive price pressure due to lower demand as well as lower unit sales and resulting unfavorable cost variances due to fixed manufacturing costs.
- The gross profit of our PalletOne business unit decreased by \$7.7 million primarily due to competitive price pressure which more than offset the favorable impact from unit sales growth.
- The gross profit of our protective packaging business unit decreased by \$1.9 million due to a decline in unit sales.

SG&A decreased by approximately \$8.4 million, or 13.7%, in the second quarter of 2024 compared to the same period of 2023. Accrued bonus expense, which varies with the overall profitability of the segment and return on investment, decreased approximately \$5.4 million relative to the second quarter of 2023, and totaled \$10.7 million for the quarter. The remaining decrease was primarily due to a decrease in sales incentive compensation of \$3.0 million.

Earnings from operations for the Packaging reportable segment decreased in the second quarter of 2024 compared to 2023 by \$27.3 million, or 48.1%, due to the factors discussed above.

Net sales in the first six months of 2024 decreased 12% compared to the same period of 2023, due to a 9% decrease in selling prices and a 6% decrease in unit sales, partially offset by a 3% increase due to the transfer of sales from the Retail segment. Unit changes consist of decreases of 11% in structural packaging and 12% in protective packaging, primarily due to a decline in demand. These declines were partially offset by 10% unit growth in PalletOne, which sells machine-built pallets, due to market share gains. The decline in prices is due to competitive price pressure as well as lower lumber costs.

Gross profits decreased by \$70.0 million, or 29.3%, for the first six months of 2024 compared to the same period last year. The decrease in gross profits was attributable to the following.

- The gross profit of our structural packaging business unit decreased by a total of \$50.5 million, in spite of the transfer of certain sales from the Retail segment. The decline in gross profit is attributable to competitive price pressure due to lower demand as well as lower unit sales and resulting unfavorable cost variances due to fixed manufacturing costs.
- The gross profit of our PalletOne business unit decreased by \$16.9 million primarily due to competitive price pressure which more than offset the favorable impact from unit sales growth.
- The gross profit of our protective packaging business unit decreased by \$2.6 million due to a decline in unit sales.

SG&A decreased by approximately \$20.7 million, or 16.2%, in the first six months of 2024 compared to the same period of 2023. Accrued bonus expense, which varies with the overall profitability of the segment and return on investment, decreased approximately \$10.6 million, and totaled \$21.3 million for the six months of 2024. Additionally, our sales incentive compensation decreased by \$5.4 million and earnout compensation decreased by \$3.7 million.

Earnings from operations for the Packaging reportable segment decreased in the first six months of 2024 compared to 2023 by \$50.8 million, or 45.6%, due to the factors discussed above.

## **Construction Segment**

Net sales in the second quarter of 2024 increased 4% compared to the same period of 2023 and consists of a unit increase of 7% and an increase due to the transfer of certain sales from the Retail segment of 1%, partially offset by a 4% decrease in selling prices. Unit changes within this segment consist of increases of 19% in factory-built, primarily due to an increase in industry production, and 4% in site-built, primarily due to market share gains from capacity expansion and new products. These increases were partially offset by unit declines of 10% in concrete forming due to lower demand. As of June 29, 2024 and July 1, 2023, we estimate that our backlog of orders in our site-built construction business unit were \$81.9 million and \$112.6 million, respectively. The decline in pricing was primarily due to competitive price pressure.

Gross profits decreased by \$11.6 million, or 8.5%, in the second quarter of 2024 compared to the same period of 2023. The decrease in our gross profit was comprised of the following:

- The gross profit of our site-built construction business unit decreased by \$12.8 million primarily due to competitive price pressure and a decline in margins on multi-family construction projects. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in gross profit at our light gauge metal facility.
- The gross profit of our concrete forming business unit decreased by \$2.7 million due to lower unit sales and a decline in selling prices in spite of the transfer of sales from the Retail segment.
- The above decreases were offset by an increase in the gross profit in factory-built of \$3.4 million primarily due to increased unit sales, favorable cost variances resulting from fixed manufacturing costs, as well as the transfer of sales from the Retail segment.

SG&A decreased by approximately \$0.8 million, or 1.0%, in the second quarter of 2024 compared to the same period of 2023. Decreases in sales incentive compensation of \$1.4 million, earnout expense of \$1.0 million, and \$0.7 million in accrued bonus expense, which totaled \$16.2 million for the quarter, were partially offset by increases in wages and benefits of \$3.0 million.

Earnings from operations for the Construction reportable segment decreased in the second quarter of 2024 compared to 2023 by \$9.9 million, or 16.1%, due to the factors mentioned above.

Net sales in the first six months of 2024 increased 2% compared to the same period of 2023 and consist of a unit increase of 8% and a 1% increase due to the transfer of certain sales from the Retail segment, partially offset by a 7% decrease in selling prices. Unit changes within this segment consist of increases of 16% in factory-built, primarily due to an increase in industry production, and 10% in site-built, primarily due to market share gains resulting from capacity expansion and new products. These increases were partially offset by unit declines of 8% in commercial construction and 11% in concrete forming due to lower demand.

Gross profits decreased by \$19.0 million, or 7.3%, for the first six months of 2024 compared to the same period of 2023. The decrease in our gross profit was comprised of the following:

- The gross profit of our site-built construction business unit decreased by \$16.3 million primarily due to competitive price pressure and a decline in margins on multi-family construction projects. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in gross profit at our light gauge metal facility.
- The gross profit of our concrete forming business unit decreased by \$5.4 million due to lower unit sales and a decline in selling prices in spite of the transfer of sales from the Retail segment.
- The gross profit of our commercial construction business unit decreased by \$1.4 million as a result of lower unit sales.



• The above decreases were offset by an increase in the gross profit in factory-built of \$5.7 million as a result of increased unit sales, favorable cost variances resulting from fixed manufacturing costs, as well as the transfer of sales from the Retail segment.

SG&A increased by approximately \$1.0 million, or 0.7%, in the first six months of 2024 compared to the same period of 2023. Increases in wages and benefits of \$4.5 million, professional fees of \$2.1 million, and travel expenses of \$0.5 million, were partially offset by decreases in sales incentive compensation of \$2.4 million, earnout compensation of \$1.0 million, and accrued bonus expense of \$1.2 million. Accrued bonus expenses, which varies with the overall profitability and return on investment of the segments, totaled \$30.4 million for the first six months of 2024.

Earnings from operations for the Construction reportable segment decreased in the first six months of 2024 compared to 2023 by \$18.9 million, or 16.2%, due to the factors mentioned above.

## All Other Segment

Our All Other reportable segment consists of our International and Ardellis (our insurance captive) segments that are not significant.

### **Corporate**

The corporate segment consists of over (under) allocated costs that are not significant.

## **INCOME TAXES**

Effective tax rates differ from statutory federal income tax rates, primarily due to provisions for foreign, state and local income taxes and permanent tax differences. Our effective tax rate was 25.1% in the second quarter of 2024 compared to 23.7% for the same period of 2023 and was 21.5% in the first six months of 2024 compared to 23.7% for the same period in 2023. The increase in our effective tax rate for the second quarter was primarily due to the impact of certain compensation expense which is not deductible. The decrease in our effective tax rate for the first six months of 2024 was primarily due to an increase in our tax deduction from stock-based compensation accounted for as a permanent difference.

## **OFF-BALANCE SHEET TRANSACTIONS**

We have no significant off-balance sheet transactions.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The table below presents, for the periods indicated, a summary of our cash flow statement (in thousands):

	Six Months Ended		
		June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023
Cash from operating activities	\$	239,078	\$ 321,064
Cash used in investing activities		(119,038)	(85,310)
Cash used in financing activities		(196,468)	(97,047)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		(3,726)	4,579
Net change in all cash and cash equivalents		(80,154)	143,286
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period		1,122,256	559,623
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period	\$	1,042,102	\$ 702,909

In general, we fund our growth through a combination of operating cash flows, our revolving credit facility, and issuance of long-term notes payable at times when interest rates are favorable. We have not issued equity to finance growth except in the case of a large acquisition that occurred many years ago. We manage our capital structure by attempting to maintain a targeted ratio of debt to equity and debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. We believe this is one of many important factors to maintaining a strong credit profile, which in turn helps ensure timely access to capital when needed.

Seasonality has a significant impact on our working capital due to our primary selling season which occurs during the period from March to September. Consequently, our working capital typically increases during our first and second quarters resulting in negative or modest cash flows from operations during those periods. Conversely, we tend to experience a substantial decrease in working capital once we move beyond our peak selling season which typically results in significant cash flows from operations in our third and fourth quarters.

Due to the seasonality of our business and the effects of the Lumber Market, we believe our cash cycle (days of sales outstanding plus days supply of inventory less days of payables outstanding) is a good indicator of our working capital management. As indicated in the table below, our cash cycle decreased to 56 days from 63 days during the second quarter of 2024 and decreased to 59 days from 62 days during the first six months of 2024 compared to the prior year period.

	Three Months Ended		Six Month	is Ended
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023
Days of sales outstanding	34	36	34	36
Days supply of inventory	33	38	37	38
Days of payables outstanding	(11)	(11)	(12)	(12)
Days in cash cycle	56	63	59	62

The decrease in our days supply of inventory for the quarter and first six months of 2024 is due to improvements in inventory turns in our Construction and Packaging segments. The decrease in our days of sales outstanding is primarily due to improvements in our Construction segment. We continue to focus on past due account balances with customers, and the percentage of our accounts receivable that are current was 94% at the end of the second quarter of 2024 and 2023.

In the first six months of 2024, our cash flows from operations were \$239 million and were comprised of net earnings of \$247 million, \$92 million of non-cash expenses, and a \$100 million decrease in working capital since the end of December 2023. Our cash flows from operations decreased by \$82 million compared to the same period of last year primarily due to an increase in our investment in net working capital since year end, which was \$64 million higher in 2024 compared to 2023.

Purchases of property, plant, and equipment of \$107 million comprised most of our cash used in investing activities during the first six months of 2024. Net purchases of investments totaled \$7.1 million. Total proceeds from the sales of property, plant, and equipment were \$2.3 million. Outstanding purchase commitments on existing capital projects totaled approximately \$110 million on June 29, 2024. Capital spending primarily consists of several projects to expand capacity to manufacture new and value-added products, primarily in our Packaging segment and Site-Built, Deckorators and ProWood business units, achieve efficiencies through automation in all segments, make improvements to a number of facilities, and increase our transportation capacity (tractors, trailers). We intend to fund capital expenditures and purchase commitments through our operating cash flows for the balance of the year.

Cash flows used in financing activities primarily consisted of:

• We repurchased 1,202,527 shares of our common stock for \$137.2 million for the year at an average price of \$114.09 per share. Of this amount, 154,196 shares were repurchased in order to settle tax withholding obligations of long-term stock incentive plan participants' awards which vested in February. The shares were purchased at an average price of \$115.69 per share, totaling \$17.8 million.

- Dividends paid during the first six months of 2024 were \$40.7 million (\$0.33 per share).
- Contingent consideration payments of \$4.8 million.
- Distributions to noncontrolling interests of \$9.4 million.
- Debt repayment on behalf of an investee of \$6.3 million.

On June 29, 2024, we had \$3.6 million outstanding on our \$750 million revolving credit facility, and we had approximately \$709 million in remaining availability after considering \$37 million in outstanding letters of credit. Financial covenants on the unsecured revolving credit facility and unsecured notes include minimum interest tests and a maximum leverage ratio. The agreements also restrict the amount of additional indebtedness we may incur and the amount of assets which may be sold. We were in compliance with all our covenant requirements on June 29, 2024.

At the end of the second quarter of 2024, we had approximately \$2.3 billion in total liquidity, consisting of our cash, remaining availability under our revolving credit facility, and a shelf agreement with certain lenders providing up to \$535 million in remaining borrowing capacity.

## ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS AND REGULATIONS

See Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements, Note E, "Commitments, Contingencies, and Guarantees."

## **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

In preparing our consolidated financial statements, we follow accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These principles require us to make certain estimates and apply judgments that affect our financial position and results of operations. We continually review our accounting policies and financial information disclosures. There have been no material changes in our policies or estimates since December 30, 2023.

#### FORWARD OUTLOOK

Our long-term financial goals include:

- Growing our annual unit sales by 7-10%. We anticipate smaller tuck in acquisitions will continue to contribute toward this goal;
- Achieving and sustaining a 12.5% adjusted EBITDA margin by continuing to enhance our capabilities and grow our portfolio and sales of value-added products and by achieving operating improvements;
- Earning an incremental return on new investment over our cost of capital; and
- Maintaining a conservative capital structure.

We believe effectively executing our strategies will allow us to achieve long-term goals in the future. However, demand in the markets we serve has contracted, which will impact our results and vary depending on the severity and duration of this cycle. The following factors should be considered when evaluating our future results:

• Lumber prices, which impact our cost of goods sold and selling prices, have normalized due to additional capacity added by sawmills and demand falling from peak levels. We anticipate lumber prices will remain at lower levels until there is a substantial change in the balance of supply and demand.

- Retail sales accounted for 41% of our net sales for the first six months of 2024. When evaluating future demand for the segment, we analyze data such as the same-store sales growth of national home improvement retailers and forecasts of home remodeling activity. Based on this data, we currently anticipate market demand for our products to be down mid-single digits for the balance of 2024. We anticipate market share gains will help offset some of the impact of weaker demand.
- Packaging sales accounted for 24% of our net sales for the first six months of 2024. When evaluating future demand, we consider a variety of metrics, including the Purchasing Managers Index (PMI), durable goods manufacturing, and U.S. real GDP. We currently believe overall demand for our products in the markets we serve to be down mid to high-single digits for the balance of 2024. We anticipate market share gains will help offset some of the impact of weaker demand.
- Construction sales accounted for 31% of our net sales for the first six months of 2024.
  - The site-built business unit accounted for approximately 13% of our net sales for the first six months of 2024. Approximately one-third of site-built customers are multifamily builders. Independent forecasts of housing starts have recently been revised downward and generally range from a low to a mid-single digit decline. We anticipate market share gains will help offset some of the impact of weaker demand.
  - The factory-built housing business unit accounted for 12% of our net sales for the first six months of 2024. When evaluating future demand, we analyze data from production and shipments of manufactured housing. Early in the year, the National Association of Home Builders and John Burns Real Estate Consulting forecast the manufactured home shipments in 2024 to be flat to slightly up. Manufactured housing is expected to continue to benefit from broader economic trends, including demand for affordable housing options, and we expect market demand for our products that serve manufactured housing to be up mid- to high-single digits in the second half 2024. We anticipate market share gains will contribute to unit growth.
  - The commercial construction and concrete forming business units accounted for approximately 6% of our net sales for the first six months of 2024. When evaluating future demand, we analyze data from non-residential construction spending. We currently anticipate overall demand in these business units to be flat to slightly down for the balance of 2024.

#### Capital Allocation:

We believe the strength of our cash flow generation and conservative capital structure provide us with sufficient resources to grow our business and also fund returns to our shareholders. We plan to continue to pursue a balanced and return-driven approach to capital allocation across dividends, share buybacks, capital investments and acquisitions. Specifically:

- On July 24, 2024, our board approved a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.33 per share, which represents a 10% increase from the third quarter of 2023. This dividend is payable on September 16, 2024, to shareholders of record on September 2, 2024. We continue to consider our payout ratio and yield when determining the appropriate dividend rate and have a long-term objective of increasing our dividend in line with our earnings growth.
- On July 24, 2024, our board authorized the repurchase of up to \$200 million worth of our shares through July 31, 2025. This share authorization supersedes and replaces our prior share repurchase authorizations. Our objective is to repurchase our stock at sufficient amounts to offset issuances under our share-based compensation plans. In addition, we will opportunistically buy shares when the price trades at pre-determined levels.



- Our targeted range for capital expenditures for 2024 is \$250-\$300 million, which will continue to be impacted by extended lead times required for most equipment and rolling stock as well as the time required for site selection in the case of investments in new locations. Priority continues to be given to projects that enhance the working environments of our plants and take advantage of automation opportunities, expand our transportation capacity, and drive strategies that have strong long-term growth potential for new and value-added products.
- We continue to pursue a healthy pipeline of acquisition opportunities of companies that are a strong strategic fit and enhance our capabilities while providing higher margin, return, and growth potential.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

We are exposed to market risks related to fluctuations in interest rates on our variable rate debt, which consists of a revolving credit facility and industrial development revenue bonds. We do not currently enter into any material interest rate swaps, futures contracts or options on futures, or other types of derivative financial instruments to mitigate this risk.

For fixed rate debt, changes in interest rates generally affect the fair market value, but not earnings or cash flows. Conversely, for variable rate debt, changes in interest rates generally do not influence fair market value, but do affect future earnings and cash flows. We do not have an obligation to prepay fixed rate debt prior to maturity, and as a result, interest rate risk and changes in fair market value should not have a significant impact on such debt until we are required to refinance it.

We are subject to fluctuations in the price of lumber. We experience significant fluctuations in the cost of commodity lumber products from primary producers (the "Lumber Market"). A variety of factors over which we have no control, including government regulations, transportation, environmental regulations, weather conditions, economic conditions, and natural disasters, impact the cost of lumber products and our selling prices. While we attempt to minimize our risk from severe price fluctuations, substantial, prolonged trends in lumber prices can affect our sales volume, our gross margins, and our profitability. We anticipate that these fluctuations will continue in the future. (See "Impact of the Lumber Market on Our Operating Results.")

Our international operations have exposure to foreign currency rate risks, primarily due to fluctuations in their local currency, which is their functional currency, compared to the U.S. Dollar. Additionally, certain of our operations enter into transactions that will be settled in a currency other than the U.S. Dollar. We may enter into forward foreign exchange rate contracts in the future to mitigate foreign currency exchange risk. Historically, our hedge contracts have been immaterial to the financial statements.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

- (a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. With the participation of management, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, after evaluating the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a 15e and 15d 15e) as of the quarter ended June 29, 2024, have concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.
- (b) <u>Changes in Internal Controls</u>. During the quarter ended June 29, 2024, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.



# PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1A. Risk Factors.

None

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

- (a) None.
- (b) None.
- (c) Issuer purchases of equity securities.

Fiscal Month	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
March 31 - May 4, 2024	476,924	\$ 114.18	476,924	\$ 82,245,706
May 5 - June 1, 2024	22,130	115.03	22,130	79,700,092
June 2 - 29, 2024	384,178	113.39	384,178	36,136,539

(1) Total number of shares purchased.

(2) Average price paid per share.

(3) Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs.

(4) Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs.

On and effective as of July 24, 2024, our board authorized the repurchase of up to \$200 million worth of shares of our common stock through the period ending July 31, 2025, which supersedes and replaces prior authorizations.

## Item 5. Other Information.

During the quarter ended June 29, 2024, no director or officer adopted or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or a "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as each term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

# PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 6. Exhibits.

The following exhibits (listed by number corresponding to the Exhibit Table as Item 601 in Regulation S-K) are filed with this report:

- 31 Certifications.
  - (a) Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer of UFP Industries, Inc., pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350).
  - (b) <u>Certificate of the Chief Financial Officer of UFP Industries, Inc., pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350).</u>
- 32 Certifications.
  - (a) <u>Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer of UFP Industries, Inc., pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350).</u>
  - (b) <u>Certificate of the Chief Financial Officer of UFP Industries, Inc., pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350).</u>
- 101 Interactive Data File formatted in iXBRL (Inline eXtensible Business Reporting Language).
  - (INS) iXBRL Instance Document.
  - (SCH) iXBRL Schema Document.
  - (CAL) iXBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
  - (LAB) iXBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
  - (PRE) iXBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
  - (DEF) iXBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
- 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (the cover page XBRL tags are embedded in the Inline XBRL document).

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# UFP INDUSTRIES, INC.

Date: August 7, 2024

Date: August 7, 2024

By: /s/ Matthew J. Missad Matthew J. Missad, Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and Principal Executive Officer

By: /s/ Michael R. Cole

Michael R. Cole, Chief Financial Officer, Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer

#### Certification

I, Matthew J. Missad, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of UFP Industries, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2024

/s/ Matthew J. Missad Matthew J. Missad, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

#### Certification

I, Michael R. Cole, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of UFP Industries, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2024

/s/ Michael R. Cole Michael R. Cole Chief Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer

## CERTIFICATE OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER OF UFP INDUSTRIES, INC.

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350):

I, Matthew J. Missad, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of UFP Industries, Inc., certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350) that:

- (1) The quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 29, 2024, which this statement accompanies, fully complies with requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 29, 2024, fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of UFP Industries, Inc.

UFP INDUSTRIES, INC.

Date: August 7, 2024

By: /s/ Matthew J. Missad Matthew J. Missad, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

The signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or any other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to UFP Industries, Inc. and will be retained by UFP Industries, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

## CERTIFICATE OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OF UFP INDUSTRIES, INC.

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350):

I, Michael R. Cole, Chief Financial Officer of UFP Industries, Inc., certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350) that:

- (1) The quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 29, 2024, which this statement accompanies, fully complies with requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 29, 2024, fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of UFP Industries, Inc.

UFP INDUSTRIES, INC.

Date: August 7, 2024

By: /s/ Michael R. Cole Michael R. Cole, Chief Financial Officer and Principal Financial Officer

The signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or any other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to UFP Industries, Inc. and will be retained by UFP Industries, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.